OMRON

Vision Sensor F440-F/F430-F/F420-F Series Smart Camera

User's Manual for Communication Settings



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Introduction

Thank you for purchasing the F440-F/F430-F/F420-F series.

This manual contains information that is necessary to use the F440-F/F430-F/F420-F series. Please read this manual and make sure you understand the functionality and performance of the F440-F/F430-F/F420-F series before you attempt to use it in a control system. Keep this manual in a safe place where it will be available for reference during operation.

Intended Audience

This manual is intended for the following personnel, who must also have knowledge of electrical systems (an electrical engineer or the equivalent).

- Personnel in charge of introducing FA systems.
- · Personnel in charge of designing FA systems.
- Personnel in charge of installing and maintaining FA systems.
- Personnel in charge of managing FA systems and facilities.

Applicable Products

This manual covers the following products.

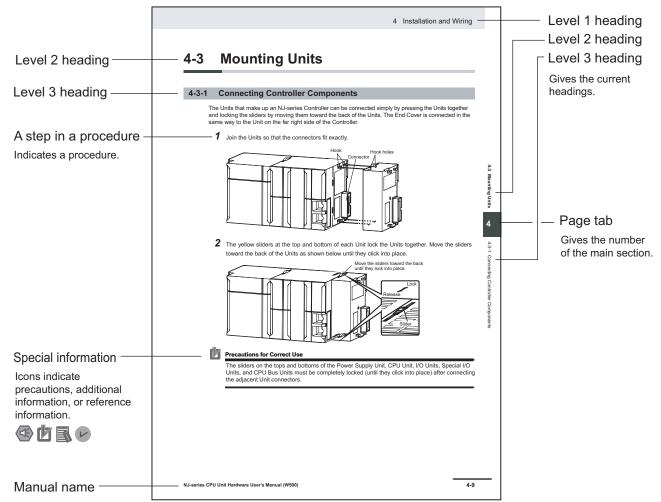
• F440-F/F430-F/F420-F series

Part of the specifications and restrictions are given in other manuals. Refer to Relevant Manuals on *Related Manuals* on page 15.

Manual Structure

Page Structure

The following page structure is used in this manual.



Note This illustration is provided only as a sample. It may not literally appear in this manual.

Special Information

Special information in this manual is classified as follows:



Precautions for Safe Use

Precautions on what to do and what not to do to ensure safe usage of the product.



Precautions for Correct Use

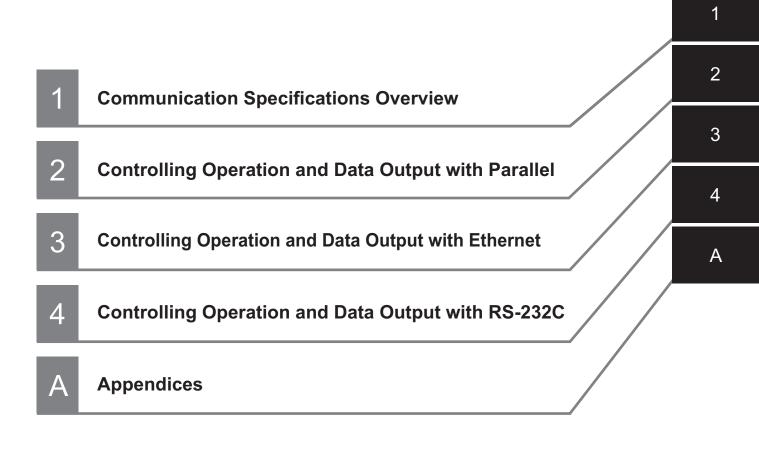
Precautions on what to do and what not to do to ensure proper operation and performance.



Additional Information

Additional information to read as required. This information is provided to increase understanding or make operation easier.

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For details of Safety Precautions, refer to *Safety Precautions* in F320-F/F330-F/F420-F/F430-F Series Smart Camera User's Manual (Z433) and F440-F Series Smart Camera User's Manual (Z475).

Precautions for Safe Use

For details of Precautions for Safe Use, refer to *Precautions for Safe Use* in *F320-F/F330-F/F420-F/ F430-F Series Smart Camera User's Manual (Z433)* and *F440-F Series Smart Camera User's Manual* (*Z475*).

Precautions for Correct Use

For details of Precautions for Correct Use, refer to *Precautions for Correct Use* in F320-F/F330-F/ F420-F/F430-F Series Smart Camera User's Manual (Z433) and F440-F Series Smart Camera User's Manual (Z475).

Regulations and Standards

For details of Regulations and Standards, refer to *Regulations and Standards* in F320-F/F330-F/F420-F/F430-F Series Smart Camera User's Manual (Z433) and F440-F Series Smart Camera User's Manual (Z475).

Related Manuals

Name of Manual	Man.No.	Model	Purpose	Contents
MicroHAWK F320-F/F330-	Z433	F320-F/F330-F/F420-F/	When User confirm	Describes the specifications, quick
F/F420-F/F430-F Series		F430-F seriess	the product specifi-	start, setting method of the Micro-
Smart Camera User's			cations and basic	HAWK F320-F / F330-F / F420-F /
Manual			settings for using the	F430-F series.
			MicroHAWK F320-	
			F / F330-F / F420-F /	
			F430-F series	
F440-F Series Smart Cam-	Z475	F440-F series	When User confirm	Describes introduction, installation
era User's Manual			the product specifi-	and connections, general specifica-
			cations and basic	tions, F440-F series.
			settings for using the	
			F440-F series	
MicroHAWK F440-F/F430-	Z444	F440-F/F430-F/F420-F ser-	When User confirm	Describes the system configuration,
F/F420-F series		ies	the setting of com-	control method, input / output specifi-
Smart Camera User's			munication functions	cations, network type, communica-
Manual for Communica-			of MicroHAWK F440-	tion settings, and command parame-
tions Settings			F/F430-F/F420-F	ters for using F440-F/F430-F/F420-F
			series.	series.

The followings are the manuals related to this manual. Use these manuals for reference.

Revision History

A manual revision code appears as a suffix to the catalog number on the front and back covers of the manual.



Rev. Code	Rev. Date	Revision Contents
01	Nov. 2021	First edition
02	Feb. 2022	Corrected mistakes.
03	Aug. 2022	Security Measures updates.
04	Nov. 2022	Added to F440-F series.

Communication Specifications Overview

This section provides a basic overview of the communications specifications and methods for controlling the smart camera. This information is required before performing communications between the Smart Camera and an external device.

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1-1 Confirming the System Configuration

The F440-F/F430-F/F420-F Series is a smart camera that performs image-processing based inspections on captured images.

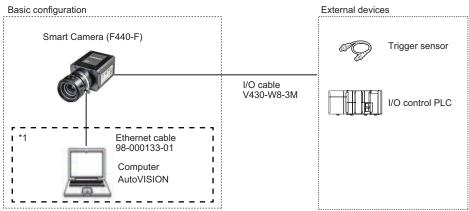
In a system configuration in which it is connected to a PLC, PC, or other external device, serial commands can be received from, and code reading results can be output to the external device.

1-1-1 F440-F Series System Configuration

The F440-F can be used in the following types of system configurations.

Connection using Parallel Interface

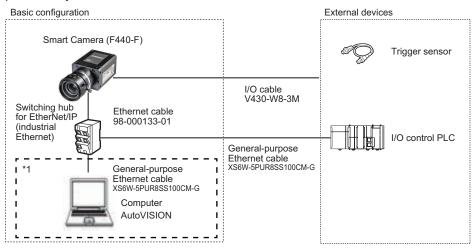
Trigger inputs and OK/NG Judgement result outputs are received and sent over I/O cable.



*1 If monitor display is not required, it is not necessary to connect with a PC during operation.

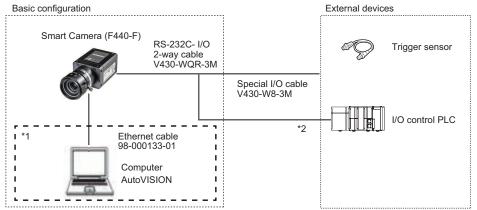
Connecting over Ethernet (EtherNet/IP, Serial (TCP), PROFINET)

Establish network connections via an Ethernet cable to input triggers and communication commands and to output reading results (Judgment results and decoded content). Triggers can also be input over parallel I/O. Using the data link function for each network (excluding Serial), data transfer can be done periodically between the smart camera and the external device.



Connecting by Serial (RS-232)

Triggers and Serial command input, as well as Read result judgement and Read string content data output is transmitted over RS-232C cable. Triggers can also be input over parallel.



*1 If monitor display is not required, it is not necessary to connect with a PC during operation.

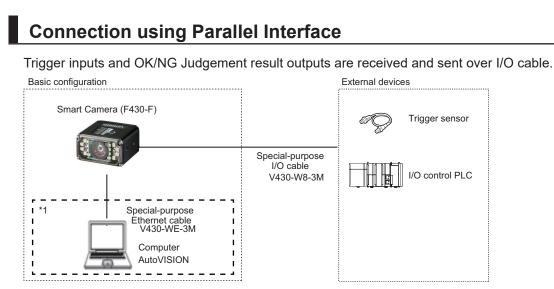
Additional Information

The cable to use for Serial (RS-232C) communication is RS-232C-I/O Y cable (V430-WQR-3M). Please use this cable when connecting to a PC by RS-232C. When connecting with OMRON CS/CJ/NJ series controller, connect OMRON Programmable Controller (CS/CJ/NJ) RS-232C cable (V430-WPLC-2M) between RS-232C-I/O Y cable (V430-WQR-3M) and I/O control PLC (*2 in the figure).

For wiring different from that of IBM compatible PC, either make your own convertor cable, or use the discrete wire cable type (V430-W8 Series) with its RxD signal and TxD signal converted.

1-1-2 F430-F Series System Configuration

The F430-F can be used in the following types of system configurations.

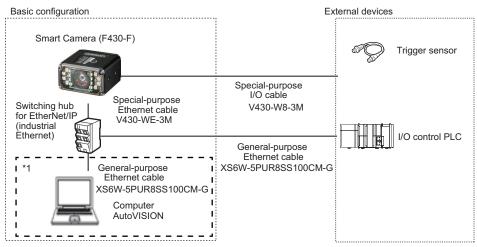


*1 If monitor display is not required, it is not necessary to connect with a PC during operation.

Connecting over Ethernet (EtherNet/IP, Serial (TCP), PROFINET)

Establish network connections via an Ethernet cable to input triggers and communication commands and to output reading results (Judgment results and decoded content). Only the selected trigger can be used. (*2-1-4 Change the Type of Trigger* on page 2-6)

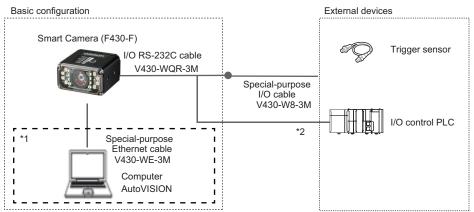
Using the data link function for each network (excluding Serial), data transfer can be done periodically between the smart camera and the external device.



*1 If monitor display is not required, it is not necessary to connect with a PC during operation.

Connecting by Serial (RS-232)

Triggers and Serial command input, as well as Read result judgement and Read string content data output is transmitted over RS-232C cable. Triggers can also be input over parallel.



*1 If monitor display is not required, it is not necessary to connect with a PC during operation.

Additional Information

The cable to use for Serial (RS-232C) communication is RS-232C-I/O Y cable (V430-WQR-3M). Please use this cable when connecting to a PC by RS-232C. When connecting with OMRON CS/CJ/NJ series controller, connect OMRON Programmable Controller (CS/CJ/NJ) RS-232C cable (V430-WPLC-2M) between RS-232C-I/O Y cable (V430-WQR-3M) and I/O control PLC (*2 in the figure).

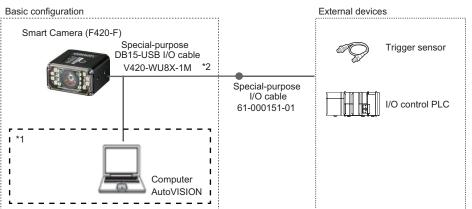
For wiring different from that of IBM compatible PC, either make your own convertor cable, or use the discrete wire cable type (V430-W8 Series) with its RxD signal and TxD signal converted.

1-1-3 F420-F Series System Configuration

The F420-F can be used in the following types of system configurations.

Connection using Parallel Interface

Trigger inputs and OK/NG Judgement result outputs are received and sent over I/O cable.

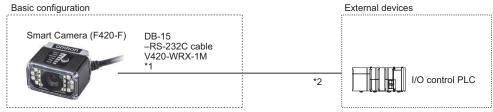


*1 If monitor display is not required, it is not necessary to connect with a PC during operation.

*2 To supply power, the V420-WU8X-1M requires an external power supply (97-900011-02).

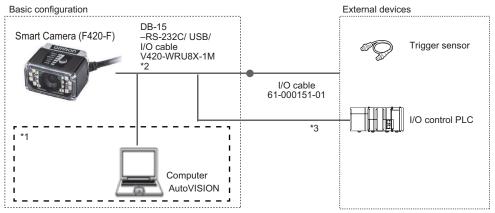
Connecting by Serial (RS-232)

Triggers and Serial command input, as well as Read result judgement and Read string content data output is transmitted over RS-232C cable. Triggers can also be input over parallel.



*1 To supply power, the V420-WRX-1M requires an external power supply (97-900006-01).

*2 When connecting with OMRON CS/CJ/NJ series controller, connect OMRON Programmable Controller(CS/CJ/NJ) RS-232C cable (V430-WPLC-2M) between Special DB-15 - RS-232C cable(V420-WRX-1M) and I/O control PLC (*2 in the figure).



*1 If monitor display is not required, it is not necessary to connect with a PC during operation. *2 To supply power, the V420-WRU8X-1M requires an external power supply (97-900011-02). 1

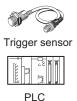
*3 When connecting with OMRON CS/CJ/NJ series controller, connect OMRON Programmable Controller(CS/CJ/NJ) RS-232C cable (V430-WPLC-2M) between Special DB-15 - RS-232C/USB/ I/O cable(V420-WRU8X-1M) and I/O control PLC (*3 in the figure).

1-2 **Communicating with an External De**vice

This section gives the communications specifications, describes the control methods that you can use for communications, and describes the settings that are required before starting communications with an external device.

1-2-1 **Basic Control Operations of the Smart Camera**

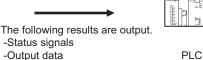
The following figure shows basic communications between an external device and the smart camera and the flow of signals and data.



Triggers and other control commands are input.



Smart Camera



The following methods can be used to exchange data between an external device and the smart camera.

Commands that can be input to the smart camera from an external device

Туре		Description
Control com- mands (Input Signals)		Online, offline, trigger (TRIG signal: ON), job change, counter reset, data save, set
	Communication Command Input	Various commands can be executed. The communication commands differ depending on the communications protocol that you use.

Data output from the smart camera reader to an external device

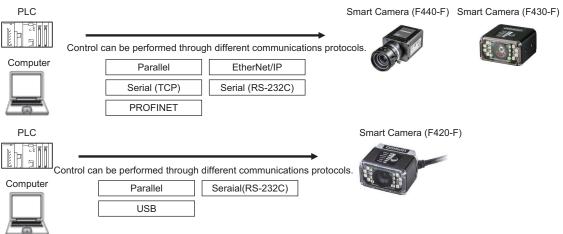
Туре	Description	
Status signals	The status of the smart camera is notified to an external device.	
Result data	Inspection results	
State	The operating status of the smart camera is displayed.	
Command execution result	The result of the executed command is output from the smart camera to an external device.	

1

1-2-2 Applicable Communications Protocols for F440-F/F430-F/F420-F series

The F440-F/F430-F/F420-F series can be controlled from a PLC, computer, or other external device using various communication protocols.

The following types of communication protocols can be used for controlling F440-F/F430-F/F420-F series from an external device.



· Applicable Communications Protocols

o: Supported -: Not supported

Communi-	Communi-		Communication cable t		ble type
cation Method	cation Pro- tocol	Overview	Parallel I/O	Ethernet	RS-232C
Contact In- put Interface	Parallel	Data is exchanged between an external de- vice and the smart camera through combi- nations of ON/OFF signals from multiple physical contacts.	0	-	-
Data shar- ing	EtherNet/IP	This is an open communications protocol. Tag Data Links are used for communication with the smart camera. On the PLC, struc- tured variables are created that correspond to the control signals,Command/Response data, and Read data. These variables are then used as I/O Tag Data Links to ex- change data between the PLC and the smart camera.	-	0	_
	PROFINET	This is an open communications protocol. Software-based RT (Real-time) communica- tions, (SRT) is used for communication with the smart camera. The control signals, Com- mand Area/Response Area, and area to store Read result data are assigned in the I/O memory of the PLC, and data is ex- changed cyclically between the PLC and the smart camera.	-	0	-

Communi-	Communi-		Communication cable type		
cation Method	cation Pro- tocol	Overview	Parallel I/O	Ethernet	RS-232C
Frame transmis- sion			-	0	-
	Serial (RS-232C)	Data can be exchanged in ASCII format over the RS-232C cable connection be- tween the smart camera and its controlling device (PLC, PC, or other external device).	-	-	0

Simultaneous Use of Communication Methods and Connections

◦: Supported -: Not Supported

Connection	Simultaneous Connection Method					
Method	EtherNet/IP	PROFINET	Serial (TCP)	Serial (RS-232C)	Parallel I/O	
EtherNet/IP	N/A	-	0	0	0	
PROFINET	-	N/A	0	0	0	
Serial (TCP)	0	0	N/A	0	0	
Serial (RS-232C)	0	0	0	N/A	0	
Parallel I/O	0	0	0	0	N/A	



Additional Information

About connections over network routers

AutoVISION can connect to smart cameras on different networks across routers.

- To connect to the smart camera, enter its IP address from the browser.
- Set a fixed IP address for the smart camera you wish to connect to.

1

2

Controlling Operation and Data Output with Parallel

2-1	Contro	Iling Operation and Data Output with Parallel	2-2
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	2-1-8	Use as Ext.Illumination Strobe	2-11

2-1 **Controlling Operation and Data Out**put with Parallel

This section explains how to directly connect the smart camera to an external device by the I/O cable and the methods that you can use to control the smart camera from the external device.

2-1-1 **Basic Operation with a Parallel Connection**

This section describes the basic connections and signal flow with external devices. Operation for one of the primary uses is described in the example below. Smart Camera External devices Trigger sensor





(1) Trigger input



(3) Judgement results are output.

(2) Image acquisition and processing execution

Example of Trigger Input and OUTPUT signal

Below is an Output assignment example and Timing chart. [Example assignment of OUTPUT signals]

- Output 1: Image Acquisition Done This signal turns ON when the smart camera has completed image acquisition.
- Output 2: Reading Successful This signal turns ON when the Symbol Decode Tool has read the code correctly.
- Output 3: Inspection Done

This signal turns ON when all inspections have been completed.

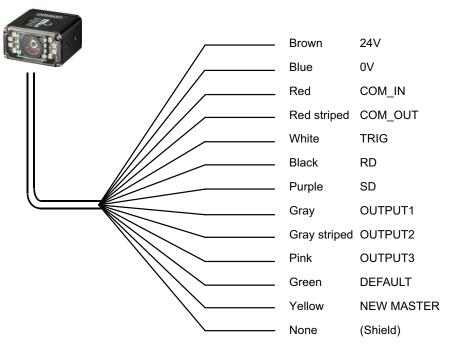
For how to set up the Output signal assignments, please refer to 2-1-7 Change the Assignments for the Output Signal (Output 1 to 3) ON Condition on page 2-9.

Timing Chart		
1.Trigger Input (TRIG) Signal	ON OFF	
2.Picture Done (OUTPUT1) Signal	ON OFF	
3.Inspection Passed (OUTPUT2) Signal	ON OFF	
4.Inspection Passed (OUTPUT3) Signal	ON OFF	

2

2-1-2 Wiring and Electrical Specifications for Parallel I/O [F440-F/F430-F]

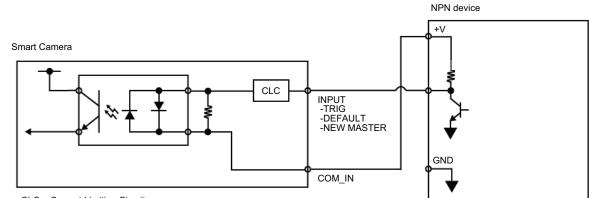
2-1-2 Wiring and Electrical Specifications for Parallel I/O [F440-F/F430-F]



The following is the wiring diagram of the power cable to connect to the smart camera (All V430-W8). Smart Camera

Colors	for	each	wire

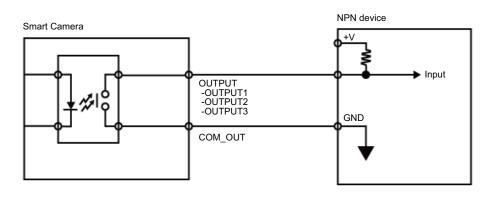
Wire color	Pin No.	Signal Name	Function
Brwon	2	24V	Power supply
Blue	7	0V	GND
Red	8	COM_IN	Common Input Signals (Input Common)
Red striped	12	COM_OUT	Common Output Signals (Output Common)
White	1	TRIG	Measurement Trigger Input (When the trigger setting is selected sensor)
Black	9	RD	Receive Data
Purple	10	SD	Send Data
Gray	5	OUTPUT1	Output1
Gray striped	11	OUTPUT2	Output2
Pink	6	OUTPUT3	Output3
Green	3	DEFAULT	Default
			This is not used for the F440-F/F430-F.
Yellow	4	NEW MASTER	 New Master This pin is used when the Decode Tool is used to learn new match strings. To enable the learning function, turn ON pin number 4 with the Auto Teaching option set to "Learn Match Strings" in the Advanced Settings of the decoder tool . If the trigger setting is digital, a measurement trigger is also entered.
None	-	(Shield)	Shield



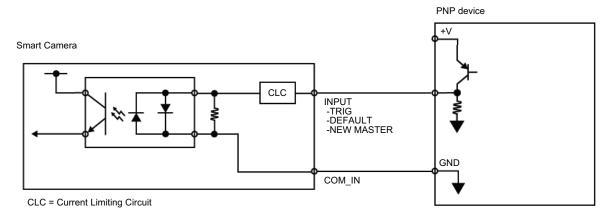
• Input circuit diagram (F440-F/F430-F ⇔ External device) when NPN connected

CLC = Current Limiting Circuit

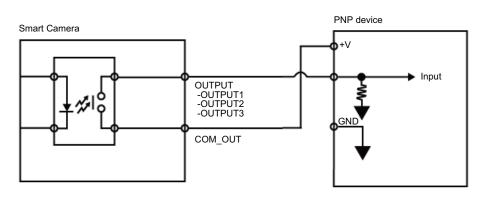
• Output circuit diagram (F440-F/F430-F ⇔ External device) when NPN connected



• Input circuit diagram (F440-F/F430-F ⇔ External device) when PNP connected



• Output circuit diagram (F440-F/F430-F ⇔ External device) when PNP connected



2-1-3 Change the Behavior of Operation

The following changes are possible depending on the system configuration and usage.

Туре	Modification
Change the type of trigger	You can change the method used to trigger a Read (Triggered, or Continuous).
Change the trigger delay of trigger	You can change the trigger delay of trigger.
Change the trigger porality of trigger	You can change the trigger porality of trigger.
Change the assignments for the Output Signal (Output 1 to 3) ON Condition	You can change the ON Condition for Output 1 to 3.
Change the ON/OFF timing of the Output Signal (Output 1 to 3)	You can change the OFF timing of Output 1 to 3 after it turns ON.
Change the Output polarity of Output Signal (Output 1 to 3)	You can change the Output polarity of Output 1 to 3.

2-1-4 Change the Type of Trigger

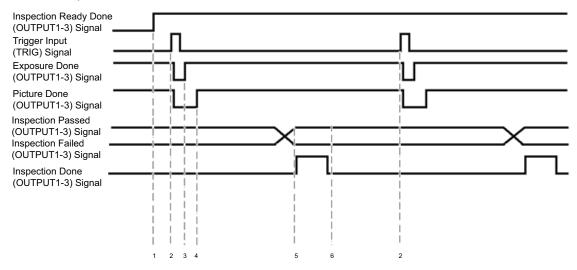
It is possible to change the Input method for the trigger used by the Smart Camera to execute Image capture. For details, refer to the AutoVISION Software Help.

Setting item	I/О Туре	Option	Description	Example
Trigger	None	 Trriger Po- larity Low-> High High->Low Trriger De- lay 	Use this option to perform continuous measurement based on internal timing.	Trigger None × Trigger Polarity Low->High × Trigger Delay 0
	Digital	 Trriger Po- larity Low-> High High->Low Trriger De- lay 	Use this option to update the decode tool's match string while entering a measurement trigger.	Trigger Digital V V Trigger Polarity Low-> High V Trigger Delay
	Virtual	 Trriger Po- larity Low-> High High->Low Trriger De- lay 	Use this option to perform measurement based on the measurement trigger generat- ed in the smart camera. It is for testing.	Trigger Virtual v v Trigger Polarity Low->High v 0 Ø
	Sensor	 Trriger Po- larity Low-> High High->Low Trriger De- lay 	Select this option to use an in- dustrial protocol (Ethernet/IP, etc.) and prallel tigger signal for measurement trigger input.	Trigger Sensor V V Trigger Polarity Low->High V 0 Ø

Setting item	I/О Туре	Option	Description	Example
	Serial trigger	 Port Trigger Character Trriger Po- larity Low-> High High->Low Trriger De- lay 	Use this option to perform measurement based on input from an RS-232C port or TCP port.	Trigger SerialTrigger * TCCP/IP 1: (Port 49211) * Tigger Relativy Low->High * Tigger Polarity O SerialTrigger * RS-232 1: RS232-1 * Tigger Polarity Low->High * Tigger Polarity Low->High * Tigger Polarity Low->High *

2-1-5 Standard Inspection Mode Operation

The timing chart for standard inspection mode is shown below. It is valid for all trigger types. In standard inspection mode, the next measurement trigger can be input after completion of an inspection. You can use the AutoVISION software to assign the signals shown in the figure to Output 1 to 3 for inspection output. For details, refer to the AutoVISION Software Help.



Standard Inspection Mode

1. When the smart camera enters Run mode, the Inspection Ready signal turns ON.

2. Input the measurement trigger.

3. The Expose Done signal turns OFF while the sensor is exposed and turns ON when the exposure is completed. You can move the inspection object when the Expose Done signal turns ON.

4. The Picture Done signal turns OFF while the sensor acquires an image and turns ON when transfer of the image to memory is completed. When the Picture Done signal turns ON, inspection starts.

5. When processing of the image is completed, the Inspection Passed/Failed signal is set and the Inspection Done signal turns ON. This indicates that the I/O line is prepared for sampling and ready to read data.

6. The Inspection Done signal turns OFF to indicate that the inspection is completed.

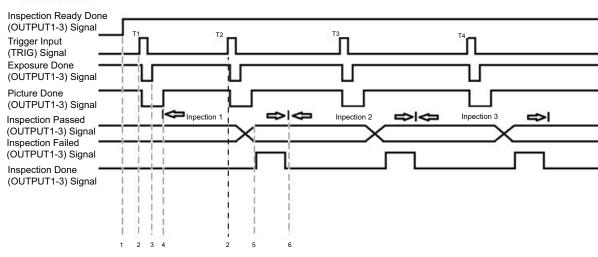
2

2-1-6 Pipeline Inspection Mode Operation

2-1-6 Pipeline Inspection Mode Operation

The pipeline inspection mode allows the smart camera to start acquiring a new image before completion of the previous inspection. When capture of an image is completed, the next measurement trigger can be accepted. Since acquisition and processing of the next image can be performed in parallel, takt time can be reduced.

You can use the AutoVISION software to assign the signals shown in the figure to Output 1 to 3 for inspection output. For details, refer to the AutoVISION Software Help.



Pipeline Inspction Mode

1. When the smart camera enters Run mode, the Inspection Ready signal turns ON.

2. Input the measurement trigger.

3. The Expose Done signal turns OFF while the sensor is exposed and turns ON when the exposure is completed. You can move the inspection object when the Expose Done signal turns ON.

4. The Picture Done signal turns OFF while the sensor acquires an image and turns ON when transfer of the image to memory is completed. When the Picture Done signal turns ON, inspection starts.

5. When processing of the image is completed, the Inspection Passed/Failed signal is set and the Inspection Done signal turns ON. This indicates that the I/O line is prepared for sampling and ready to read data.

6. The Inspection Done signal turns OFF to indicate that the inspection is completed.

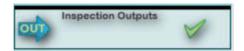
2-1-7 Change the Assignments for the Output Signal (Output 1 to 3) ON Condition

The condition for turning the Output signals, Output 1, 2, 3 to ON can be set. The following conditions for output can be set.

How to Assign the Output Signals

1 Launch the AutoVISION software.

- 2 Click Edit tab.
- **3** Click on the **Inspection Outputs** bar.



The **Digital Outputs** tab is displayed on the right of the window.





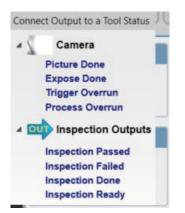
Click anywhere in the **Digital Outputs** tab. The following screen is displayed.

Cutput 1	I Output 2	Coutput 3
<not connected=""></not>	<not connected=""></not>	<not connected=""></not>



Click Output 1.

The following screen is displayed.



Select the output to use for **Output 1**. In this example, select *Inspection Done*. Enter the pulse width at which the output turns ON.

Inspection Done 🛞	Inspection Passed 🛞	Inspection Failed
Pulse Width 1 ms	Mode Latched Y	Pulse Width 10 ms

Setting item	Setting value	Description
Pulse Width	1 to 10000 (ms)	Enter the time during which the ON state is held.

6

Select the outputs to use for **Output 2** and **Output 3**. In this example, select *Inspection Passed* for Output 2 and *Inspection Failed* for Output 3. Set the **Pulse Width**, **Mode**, and **State** for the outputs.

L Output 1	Cutput 2	Cutput 3
Inspection Done 🛞	Inspection Passed 😣	Inspection Failed 😣
Pulse Width 1 ms	Mode Latched *	Pulse Width 10 ms
	State Active High *	Mode Pulsed Y

Setting item	Setting value	Description
Pulse Width	1 to 10000 (ms)	Set this only when the Mode is <i>Pulse</i> . Enter the time during which the ON state is held.
Mode	LatchedPulsed	 The output status will be set at the end of inspection cycles. Latched The status will remain latched until the end of the next inspection cycle. Pulsed The output will be ON during the time set in Pulse Width.
State	Active HighActive Low	 Active High The state will be Low when output is OFF. The state will be High when output is ON. Active Low The state will be High when output is OFF. The state will be Low when output is ON.

7 Save the settings and download the job to the smart camera.

2-1-8 Use as Ext.Illumination Strobe

Outputs the signal used to illuminate with external lighting.

2-1-8 Use as Ext.Illumination Strobe

When **Output 3** is set to turn ON external lighting, the output will be ON while the smart camera is exposed. In this mode, changing the exposure time also changes the ON time for **Output 3**.

• In the **Image** view of the AutoVISION software, select **External Strobe** in **Lighting Mode**. For details, refer to the AutoVISION Software Help.

3

Controlling Operation and Data Output with Ethernet

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3-1 Controlling Operation and Data Output with Ethernet

3-1-1 EtherNet/IP Overview

EtherNet/IP is an industrial multi-vendor network that uses Ethernet. The EtherNet/IP specifications are open standards managed by the ODVA (OpenDeviceNet Vendor Association). EtherNet/IP is used by a wide range of industrial devices.

Because EtherNet/IP uses standard Ethernet technology, various general-purpose Ethernet devices can be used in the network.

EtherNet/IP has mainly the following features.

- High-speed, High-capacity Data Exchange through Tag Data Links (Cyclic Communications) The EtherNet/IP protocol supports implicit communications, which allows cyclic communications (called Tag Data Links) with EtherNet/IP devices.
- Tag Data Links are set at the specified communication cycle for each application regardless of the number of nodes

Because the data is exchanged over the network at the refresh cycle that is set for each connection regardless of the number of nodes, that refresh cycle will not increase even if the number of nodes increases. (Data exchange in the connection is kept in synch)

Because the refresh cycle can be set for each connection, each application can communicate at its ideal refresh cycle. (For example, interprocess interlocks can be transferred at high speed, while the production commands and the status monitor information are transferred at low speed.)



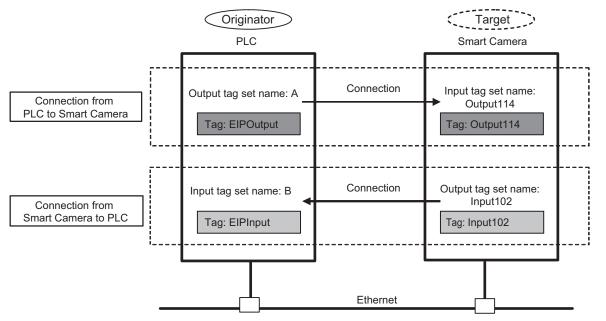
Precautions for Correct Use

On a network to which many devices are connected, performance may drop (e.g., responses may be delayed or packets lost) or communications errors may occur when there is temporarily high traffic on the network.

Test the operation under actual conditions before you start actual operation of the system.

Data Exchange with EtherNet/IP

Data is exchanged cyclically between Ethernet devices on the EtherNet/IP network using Tag Data Links as shown below.



Data Exchange Method

To exchange data, a connection is opened between two EtherNet/IP devices. One of the nodes requests the connection to open a connection with a remote node. The node that requests the connection is called the *Originator* and the node that receives the request is called the *Target*.

Data Exchange Memory Locations

The memory locations that are used to exchange data across a connection are specified as tags. You can specify memory addresses or variables for tags.

A group of tags consists of an output tag set and an input tag set.



Additional Information

Message communications are used when communicating over EtherNet/IP with a PLC that does not support Tag Data Link communications. For details, refer to *3-1-5 Tag Data Link Setting Methods* on page 3-12.

3-1-2 Communication with the Smart Camera over EtherNet/IP Connection

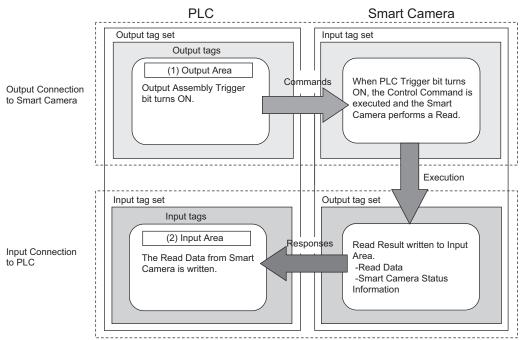
With commands and responses via communications between the PLC and the Sensor Controller using EtherNet/IP tag data link, the PLC can control the Sensor Controller and make it output data after measurements.

When you connect to an OMRON Controller to communicate with it via EtherNet/IP, use the Network Configurator to perform the tag data link settings such as tag, tag set, and connection setting. This section describes how to use the Network Configurator to perform tag data link settings.

- NJ-series CPU Unit Built-in EtherNet/IP Port User's Manual (Cat. No. W506)
- CS/CJ series EtherNet/IP Units Operation Manual (Cat. No. W465)
- CJ-series EtherNet/IP Units Operation Manual for NJ-series CPU Unit (Cat. No. W495)

Types of Communication Areas

For EtherNet/IP, communication with a PLC, the communication is performed using two communication areas on the PLC, the Input Field and the Output Field. The Smart Camera has Input Field Assembly (Input Assmbly) and Output Field Assembly (Output Assmbly).

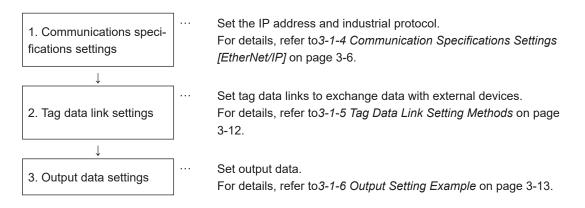


3

3-1-3 Communications Settings

3-1-3 Communications Settings

The following settings are required to use EtherNet/IP communications.

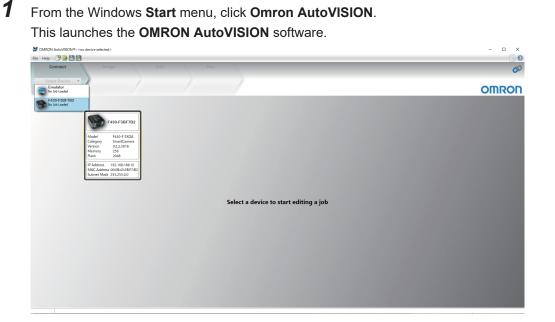


3-5

3-1-4 Communication Specifications Settings [EtherNet/IP]

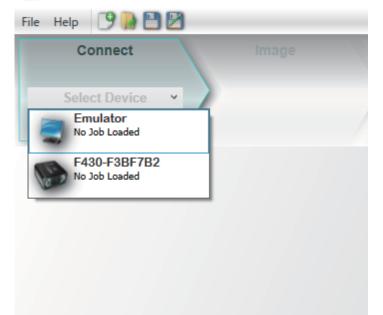
Setting IP Address and Industrial Protocol

In the AutoVISION software, set the IP address and industrial protocol for the smart camera according to your network of external devices such as the PLC.



2 Click Select Device.

OMRON AutoVISION ®: <no device selected>



3 Click the smart camera for which you want to change the settings. The following screen is displayed.



Click the Lock icon (¹) to enable changing the settings.
 The smart camera's settings are unlocked and the **Modify** button is displayed.

3-1-4 Communication Specifications Settings [EtherNet/IP]

💥 OMRON AutoVISION ®: F430-F3BF	7B2 = <no job="" loaded=""> : PC = <no job="" loaded=""></no></no>	ed>
ile Help 🥬 🛅 🖉 🤝		
Connect F430-F3BF7B2 No Job Loaded ~ Connected	Image Edit	
 F430-F3BF7B2 No Job Loaded License Options 192.168.188.2 		
Details Model F430-F SXGA Category SmartCamera Version 9.2.2.3018 Memory 256 MB		
Flash 2048 MB IP Address 192.168.188.2 MAC Address 00:08:43:38:F7:87 Subnet Mask 255.255.0.0 Gateway 0.0.00 DHCP Disabled	2	
Number of serial TCP ports 4 Starting serial TCP Port 49211		
Industrial Protocol EtherNet/IP Serial Port RS232-1 Baud Rate 115200 Data Bits 8 Parity None Stop Bits 1 Flow Control None		
Auto Button True		
Auto Button True	Modify	



Click **Modify** and enter information such as the **IP Address**.

OWNOW AUTOMOTE	DN ®: F430-F3BF7B2 = <no job<="" th=""><th>Loaded> : PC = <</th><th>No Job Loaded</th><th></th></no>	Loaded> : PC = <	No Job Loaded	
ile Help 🏼 🧐 🗋	8 🖉 🗇			
Connect F430-F3BF7 No Job Loaded Connected	7B2 v		Edit	
Lice 192	F430-F3BF7B2 Job Loaded ense Options 1.168.188.2			
Category S Version S Memory 2	F430-F SXGA SmartCamera 9.2.2.3018 256 MB 2048 MB			
MAC Address	192.168.188. 2 00:0B:43:3B:F7:B2 255.255. 0. 0 0. 0. 0. 0 DHCP Enable			
Starting serial TCP Po				
Industrial Protocol	EtherNet/IP *			
Serial Port Baud Rate	RS232-1 115200 ×			
Data Bits	8 [~]			
Parity	None Y			
Stop Bits Flow Control	1 Y			
Auto Button	Enable Auto Button Send Trigger			

6 From the Industrial Protocol drop-down menu, select EtherNet/IP.

Setting item	Setting value	Description
Industrial Protocol	<pre>• <none></none></pre>	Select the industrial protocol to use.
	 EtherNet/IP 	
	PROFINET	

R

Precautions for Correct Use

To connect the smart camera to external devices via EtherNet/IP, the IP address must be set in the same network segment.

7 Click Apply. Then, the Reboot Required dialog box is displayed. 3





9

Precautions for Correct Use

After you change the industrial protocol, you need to reboot the smart camera to have the new setting take effect.

8 Click the **Yes** button to reboot the smart camera. The AutoVISION software is disabled while the smart camera is rebooting.

Click the **Reconnect** button to reconnect it.

The	connectio	n to the	device Mi	croHAW	(3A0BC9	has been	lost
		Select a	Recon device to s Choose Anot	nect that editin	ıg a job		

10 The connection is completed.

Conne F430-F3 No Job Loa Connect	BF7B2 ded ¥	Image	
ANT B	F430-F3BF7B2 No Job Loaded		
۹.	License Options		
	192.168.188.2		
 Details 			
Model Category Version Memory Flash	F430-F SXGA SmartCamera 9.2.2.3018 256 MB 2048 MB		
IP Address MAC Address Subnet Mask Gateway DHCP	192.168.188.2 00:08:43:38:F7:B2 255.255.0.0 0.0.0.0 Disabled		
Number of serial Starting serial TCI			
Industrial Protoco	l EtherNet/IP		
Serial Port Baud Rate Data Bits Parity Stop Bits Flow Control	RS232-1 115200 8 None 1 None		
Auto Button	True		
		Modify	

3-1-5 Tag Data Link Setting Methods

This section describes how to set data links for EtherNet/IP.

The communications areas in the PLC for which data links to the smart camera are created are specified as tags and tag sets, and the connections are set for tag data link communications.

也

Precautions for Correct Use

When connecting to an NJ-series or CJ-series CPU Unit, install the EDS file that defines the connection information for the smart camera in to Sysmac Studio. Download the EDS file from OMRON's website.

Tags, Tag Sets, and Connection Settings

The tag data link data for the smart camera has been assigned to global variables in the Controller.

Assembly list

Assembly name	Input / Output	Size (byte)	In- ttance ID	Assembly information	Details of data struc- ture
INPUT320	Input	320	102	This is the standard input assembly.	*1
OUTPUT320	Output	320	114	This is the standard output assembly.	

*1. For details, refer to 3-1-7 Status and Control Signals for Each Input and Output Assembly on page 3-14.

Tag Sett Settings

Seting item Description		
Input		
Tag set name	Tag set name in the PLC	
Size	• 320 bytes	
Output		
Tag set name	Tag set name in the PLC	
Size	• 320 bytes	

Conection Settins

Setting item	Description
Input	
Target variable	INPUT320, Instance102
Size (Target variable)	• 320 bytes
Originator variable	Variable defined on the PLC
Size (Originator variable)	• 320 bytes
Connection type	Point to Point connection
RPI (Requested Packet Interval)	10 ms to 3.2 s
	20 ms or more is recommended.
Timeout	RPI × (4 to 512) (Default: RPI × 4)
Output	
Target variable	OUTPUT320, Instance114
Size (Target variable)	• 320 bytes

3 Controlling Operation and E	Data Output with Ethernet
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Setting item	Description
Originator variable	Variable defined on the PLC
Size (Originator variable)	• 320 bytes
Connection type	Point to Point connection

Precautions for Correct Use

If the CIO memory area that holds contents were not specified when I/O memory addresses are specified for communication areas, the information in each communication area will be cleared when the operating mode of the PLC is changed.

3-1-6 Output Setting Example

- 1. Set the GO_Online bit to TRUE to be ready to start measurement.
- 2. The PLC (User) changes the Trigger bit assigned to the memory area (Output Area) of the PLC in advance from FALSE to TRUE.
- 3. When the PLC changes the Trigger bit to TRUE, the smart camera executes an imaging process.
- 4. After completion of the imaging process the smart camera stores the data in the specified memory area (Input Area) of the PLC.

[Output Data Example]

The number of read characters is output to STRING1_Length and the read characters are output to STRING1.

STRING1_Length	13	
STRING1	0614141999996	
STRING2_Length	0	
STRING2		
STRING3_Length	0	
STRING3		
STRING4_Length	0	
STRING4		
ElPOutput		
GO_Online	True	TRUE FALS
GO_Offline	False	TRUE FALS
Reset_Error	False	TRUE FALS
Reset_Count	False	TRUE FALS
EXE_CMD	False	TRUE FAL
Trigger	True	TRUE FALS

3-1-7 Status and Control Signals for Each Input and Output Assembly

Input Assembly

The input assembly layout is described below.

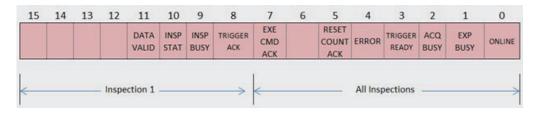
Bytes	Name	Description
0-1	STATUS	Status register of the smart camera. Each bit of this register represents a differrent state item. See <i>Status: Camera Status Register (16-bit)</i> on page 3-15 for bit descriptions.
2-3	ECHO	This 16 bit word value reflects back to the PLC the value that the PLC wrote to the output assembly ECHO register. The PLC can verify the output assembly has been written to the smart camera when this value matches the written value.
4-7	CmdCodeRslt	When Status.ExeCmdAck gows active in response to Control.ExeCmd, CmdCodeRslt contain the data returned from the command invoked by CmdCode.See <i>CmdCodeRslt (32-bit)</i> on page 3-16 for definitions.
8-11	CmdRet	When Status.ExeCmdAck gows active in response to Control.ExeCmd, CmdRet contains the data returned from the command invoked by Con- trol.CmdCode.See <i>CmdRet (32-bit)</i> on page 3-16 for definitions.
12-13	reserved	Resurved for future use.
14-15	State	Device State register. Depending on the current state of the smart camera, certain STATUS and CONTROL features may or may not be operationed. See <i>State (16-bit)</i> on page 3-16 for definetions.
16-17	VIO	Each bit reflects the state of virtual IO point. The least significant bit re- flects vio point 145, the most significannt ite vio point 160.
18-19	reserved	Resurved for future use.
20-27	bool1-64	Each bit represents a boolvalue. the least significant bit of byte 20 reads the value of bool1. The most significant bit of byte 27 reads bool64.
28-47	int1-10	Each pair of sequential bytes represents a 16 bit signed integer value.the20 bytes represents 10 integers.From bytes 28 & 29 for the value of int1 through bytes 46 & 47 for the value of int10.
48-87	long1-10	Each group of 4 bytes represents a 32 bit signed integer value. the 40 bytes represents 10 long integers. From bytes 48 -51 for the value of long1 through bytes 84-87 for the value of long10.
88-127	float1-10	Each group of 4 bytes represents a 32 bit signed integer value. the 40 bytes represents 10 floating point values. From bytes 88 -91 for the value of float1 through bytes 124-127 for the value of float10.
128-223	string1	These 96 bytes can store a string of up to 92, 8 bit characters, with the first 4 bytes containing the length value.
224-255	string2	Each of these 32 bytes group can store a string of up to 28, 8 bit charac-
256-287	string3	ters, with the first 4 bytes containing the length value.
288-319	string4	

The input assembly layout is shown here.

Byte		Byte		Byte		Byte		Byte	
0	STATUS	64	long5	128		192		256	
2	ECHO	66	IOURS	130		194		258	
4	CMD CODE RSLT	68	long6	132		196		260	
6		70	TONEO	134		198	26	262	
8	CMD RET	72	long7	136		200		264	
10		74	iong/	138		202		266	
12	reserved	76	long8	140		204		268	
14	STATE	78	Tongo	142		206	string1	270	string3
16	VIO	80	long9	144		208	(cont)	272	Sumgo
18	reserved	82	TONES	146		210		274	
20	bool116	84	long10	148		212		276	
22	bool1732	86	TOTIGIO	150		214		278	
24	boo13348	88	float1	152		216		280	
26	boo14964	90	HOULI	154		218		282	
28	int1	92	float2	156		220		284	
30	int2	94	moure	158	string1	222		286	
32	int3	96	float3	160	Sumga	224		288	
34	int4	98	moato	162		226		290	
36	int5	100	float4	164		228		292	
38	int6	102	Houry	166		230		294	
40	int7	104	float5	168		232		296	
42	int8	106	nouts	170		234		298	
44	int9	108	float6	172		236		300	
46	int10	110	mouto	174		238	string2	302	string4
48	long1	112	float7	176		240	Sumpe	304	Same
50	Tonga	114	mout	178		242		306	
52	long2	116	float8	180		244		308	
54	Tonge	118	118	182		246		310	
56	long3	120	float9	184		248		312	
58	Tongo	122	122	186		250		314	
60	long4	124 float10	188		252		316		
62	iong4	126	noutio	190		254		318	

• Status: Camera Status Register (16-bit)

Each bit of this register represents a different state of the camera's operation. A high value of 1 indicates that state is active (true).



Bit	Name	Description
0	ONLINE	Inspections are running.
1	EXP BUSY	The smart camera is busy capturing an image. The smart camera should not be triggered or the part under inspection moved during this time if illuminated.
2	ACQ BUSY	The smart camera is busy acquiring an image. The smart camera can- not be triggered while busy.
3	TRIGGER READY	The smart camera is ready to be triggered. This is equivalent to ON-LINE == 1 and ACQBUSY== 0.
4	ERROR	An error has occured. Set the RESET ERROR control bit high to clear.
5	RESET COUNT ACK	This bit mirrors the RESET COUNT control bit. The PLC can be certain the reset command was received by the smart camera when this goes high. The PLC can then bring the RESET COUNT control signal back low.
7	EXE CMD ACK	This bit mirrors the EXE CMD control bit.
8	TRIGGER ACK	This bit mirrors the TRIGGER control bit.

Bit	Name	Description
9	INSP BUSY	This bit is high when insection 1 is busy processing an image.
10	INSP STAT	This bit represents the inspection 1 status result. It is 1 if the inspection passes. It is only calid when DataValid goes high.
11	DATA VALID	This bit goed high when the inspection 1 is complete. The PLC should clear this signal by setting RESET DV high once it has read results.

• CmdCodeRsIt (32-bit)

The value of CmdCodeRsIt is only valid when ExeCmdAck is active (1), in response to ExeCmd being active.

CmdCodeRsIt value (base 16 hex)	Meaning
0x0000_0000	Success
0x0100_0000	Fail.
	Possible reasons:
	Camera under PC control. Job cannot be changed.
0x0200_0000	Fail: Nojob in slot.
0x0300_0000	Fail: Unknown cmd.

• CmdRet (32-bit)

The value of CmdRet is only valid when ExeCmdAck is active (1), in response to ExeCmd being active, and CmdCodeRsIt is 0 (Success). The following table shows which CmdCodes return data in the CmdRet register.

CmdRet value (32 bit)	Associated CmdCode	Meaning
0	0x0100_0000	na
	to	
	0x1300_0000	
	(Job Change type)	
1-255	0x1800_0000	Active Job Slot #
	(Query Active Job slot)	

• State (16-bit)

State reflects the following operational condition of the camera.

State value (16 bit)	Meaning	Typycal action required by the client (plc), or system operator
0	Offline ^{*1}	Perform job change or put camera online.
1	Online ^{*2}	Normal runtime operation: Monitor Trig- gerReady and DataValid signals. Trigger th smart camera.
2	Changing Vision Job	If camera is under pc control: Wait until State changes to Offline or On- line. If PLC is controlling the job change: Use Exemd, CmdCode, ExeCmdAck, and CmdCodeRsIt to complete the operation.

3 Controlling Operation and Data Output with Etherne	t
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State value (16 bit)	Meaning	Typycal action required by the client (plc), or system operator
3	Booting ^{*3}	Wait for camera to transition to Online or Offline.
4	Empty (no Vision Jpb)	Load a new jpb from AutoVISION or FrontRunner.

*1. If the camera does not have any saved jobs, then after the reboot the camera will be offline.

*2. During a power cycle or reboot the camera will be online when completed if the camera has a saved job that can be loaded.

*3. This will raely be seen by the PLC.

The value of State determines which Control and Status signals are available:

	State					
Control/Status Signal	0	1	2	3	4	
Signal	(Offline)	(Online)	(Job Change)	(Booting)	(Empty)	
Control.GO ON- LINE	Y					
Control.GO OFF- LINE		Y				
Control.RESET ERROR	Y	Y			Y	
Control.RESET COUNT	Y	Y				
Control.EXE CMD	Y	Y	Y		Υ	
Control.TRIGGER		Y				
Control.RESET DATA VALID		Y				
Status.ONLINE	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
Status.ERROR	Υ	Υ			Y	
Status.RESET COUNT ACK	Y	Y				
Status.EXE CMD ACK	Y	Y	Y		Y	
Status.EXP BUSY		Y				
Status.ACQ BUSY		Y				
Status.TRIGGER READY	Y					
Status.TRIGGER ACK		Y				
Status.INSP BUSY		Y				
Status.INSP STAT		Y				
Status.DATA VAL- ID		Y				

Where:

Y = Signal is valid for this State

Empty cell = Signal is not valid for this State

• VIO Register Bits

v160 v159 v158 v157 v156 v155 v154 v153 v152 v151 v150 v149 v148 v147 v146 v145

Output Assembly

The output assembly layout is described below and shown in the following diagram.

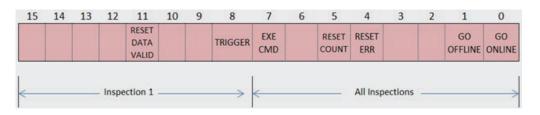
Bytes	Name	Description	
0-1	CONTROL	Control register of smart camera. Each bit of this register represents a different status item.See <i>Control:Camera Control Register (16-bit)</i> on page 3-19 for bit descriptions.	
2-3	ECHO	This 16 bit value reflects back to the PLC in the input assembly ECHO register. The PLC can verify the output assembly has been written to the smart camera when the input assembly matches this written value.	
4-7	CmdCode	Specifies the process invoked in the smart camera when Control.ExeCmd goes active.See <i>CmdCode and CmdArg(32-bit)</i> on page 3-19 for difinition.	
8-11	CmdArg	Additional argument data for the CmdCode. See <i>CmdCode and CmdArg(32-bit)</i> on page 3-19 for definition.	
12-15	reserved	Resurved for future use.	
16-17	VIO	Each bit reflects the state of virtual IO point. The least significant bit re- flects vio point 129, the most significannt ite vio point 144.	
18-19	reserved	Resurved for future use.	
20-27	bool	Each bit represents a boolvalue. the least significant bit of byte 20 reads the value of bool101. The most significant bit of byte 27 reads bool164.	
28-47	int101-110	Each pair of sequential bytes represents a 16 bit signed integer value. the20 bytes represents 10 integers. From bytes 28 & 29 for the value of int101 through bytes 46 & 47 for the value of int110.	
48-87	long101-110	Each group of 4 bytes represents a 32 bit signed integer value. the 40 bytes represents 10 long integers. From bytes 48 -51 for the value of long101 through bytes 84-87 for the value of long110.	
88-127	float101-110	Each group of 4 bytes represents a 32 bit signed integer value. the 40 bytes represents 10 floating point values. From bytes 88 -91 for the value of float101 through bytes 124-127 for the value of float110.	
128-223	string101	These 96 bytes can store a string of up to 92, 8 bit characters, with the first 4 bytes containing the length value.	
224-255	string102	Each of these 32 bytes group can store a string of up to 28, 8 bit charac-	
256-287	string103	ters, with the first 4 bytes containing the length value.	
288-319	string104		

The output assembly layout is shown here:

lyte		Byte		Byte	-	Byte		Byte	22
0	CONTROL	64	long105	128		192		256	
2	ECHO	66	iongros	130		194		258	
4	CMD CODE	68	long106	132		196		260	
6	and the second	70	IONGTOD	134		198		262	
8	CMD ARG	72	1000107	136		200		264	
10		74	long107	138		202		266	
12	reserved	76	long108	140		204		268	
14		78	IOUETOS	142		206	string101	270	string103
16	VIO	80	long109	144		208	(cont)	272	string105
18	reserved	82	10118 103	146		210		274	
20	bool101116	84	long110	148		212		276	
22	bool117_132	86	IONEITO	150		214		278	
24	bool133148	88	float101	152		216		280	
26	bool149_164	90	HOALIOI	154		218		282	
28	int101	92	float102	156		220		284	
30	int102	94	fioat102	158	string101	222		286	
32	int103	96	float103	160	Sumgror	224		288	
34	int104	98	noactos	162		226		290	
36	int105	100	float104	164		228		292	
38	int106	102	HUGLION	166		230		294	
40	int107	104	float105	168		232		296	
42	int108	106	modulos	170		234		298	
44	int109	108	float106	172		236		300	
46	int110	110	Hoution	174		238	string102	302	string104
48	long101	112	float107	176		240	Sumgroz	304	Sumgrow
50	TOTIGAOA	114	modulor	178		242		306	
52	long102	116	float108	180		244		308	
54	TOTIGIOL	118	HOULIOU	182		246		310	
56	long103	120	float109	184		248		312	
58	TONELOS	122	modulos	186		250		314	
60	long104	124	fioat110	188		252		316	
62	Internet	126	HOBILIO	190		254		318	10

• Control:Camera Control Register (16-bit)

Each bit of this register controls a function on the camera. Transitions from a low state of 0 to a high state of 1, initiates the associate operation. The PLC should return the state of the control bit back to 0 after it has acknowledged the camera has processed the control. Unused bits should remain 0. Setting the Reset Data Valid bit (bit 11) will alsoreset the Error bit (bit 4) in the Camera Status Register.



Bit	Name	Description	
0	GO ONLINE	Start all inspections running	
1	GO OFFLINE	Stop all inspections	
4	RESET ERROR	Rest ERROR in the Status register	
5	RESET COUNT	Reset all inspection counts ^{*1}	
7	EXE CMD	Execute the command specified by Coontrol.CmdCode	
8	TRIGGER	Trigger Inspection1. The inspection must be configured for atriggerd image scquisition.	
11	RESET DATA VALID	Rest the DataValid signal of the Statsu register.	

*1. The inspection counts for Inspected, Passed, Failed, Cycle, Cycle Worst, PPM, PPM Worst, and Overrun will be reset.

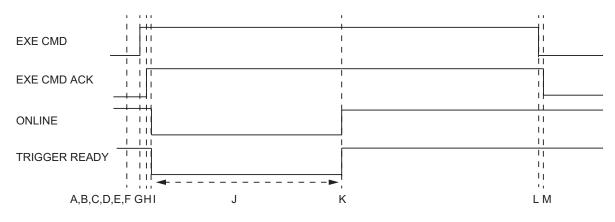
• CmdCode and CmdArg(32-bit)

Specifies the process invoked in the camera when Control.ExeCmd goes active.

The CmdCode and CmdArg must beset, at least 2 RPI, before setting the EXE CMD bit in the control register. Do not set all the values within the same RPI. List of available CmdCodes, and associated CmdArg:

CmdCode value	CmdArg	Operations performed
0x1000_0000	Job Slot (1-255)	Go Offline, Load job from specified slot
0x1100_0000	Job Slot (1-255)	Go Offline, Load job from specified slot, Go Online
0x1200_0000	Job Slot (1-255)	Go Offline, Load job from specified slot, Make it the boot
		job
0x1300_0000	Job Slot (1-255)	Go Offline, Load job from specified slot, Make it the boot
		job, and Go Online
0x1800_0000	na	Query active job slot. CmdRet will contain the active job
		slot number when the operation is done.

• CmdCode and ExeCmd Operation



Example: Job change

Task	Description	EIP Output As- sembly	EIP Input Assem- bly
Prereq- uisite	The Smart Camera must not be controlled by Auto- VISION, FrontRunner, Web Monitor, or Custom User		
A	Interface. Stop triggering the inspection. If running a continuous inspection (without triggers), it is recommended to go offline before starting job change.	GO OFFLINE = TRUE	
В	If Data Valid or Error is TRUE, clear these outputs.	RESET DATA VAL- ID = TRUE RESET ERROR = TRUE	
С	Wait until Data Valid or Error is FALSE.		DATA VALID = FALSE ERROR = FALSE

		EIP Output As-	EIP Input Assem-
Task	Description	sembly	bly
D	Confirm the following bits are FALSE. GO OFFLINE, GO ONLINE, RESET ERROR, RE- SET COUNT, RESET DATA VALID, TRIGGER DO NOT CHANGE these bits during job change.	GO OFFLINE = FALSE GO ONLINE = FALSE RESET ERROR = FALSE RESET COUNT = FALSE TRIGGER= FALSE RESET DATA VAL-	biy
E	Set Command Code (0x1100_0000) to tell the Smart	ID= FALSE CmdCode =	
	Camera to Go Offline, Load Job from specified slot, Go Online. Set Command Arg to tell the Smart Camera to load job in slot 1.	0x1100_0000 CmdArg = 1	
F	Wait at least 1 RPI between Command Code, Com- mand Arg assignment and Execute Command.		
G	Set Execute Command bit to TRUE to start job change.	EXE CMD = TRUE	
Н	Execute Command Acknowledge bit = TRUE to show that Smart Camera received the command.		EXE CMD ACK = TRUE
I	Smart Camera is Offline. Smart Camera is not ready for trigger. State=0 indicates the Smart Camera is offline.		ONLINE = FALSE TRIGGER READY = FALSE State = 0
J	State=2 indicates unit is changing the vision job.		State = 2
К	The Smart Camera is Online. Smart Camera is ready for trigger. State=0 indicates Smart Camera is offline. State=1 indicates Smart Camera is online. Command Code Result indicates successful job change. (This must be checked while the ExeCmd is still TRUE.)		ONLINE = TRUE TRIGGER READY = TRUE State = 1 CmdCodeRsIt = 0x0000_0000 (successful job change)
L	Set Execute Command bit to FALSE to finish job change.	EXE CMD = FALSE	
М	Execute Command Acknowledge bit = FALSE.		EXE CMD ACK = FALSE

You need to monitor the value of State to know when the job changes are complete.

• VIO Register Bits

3

3-1-8 Accessing Communication Areas Using Variables by NJ/NX Series Controllers

In Controllers of the NJ series, I/O memory addresses assigned to each communication area can be accessed from the user program only via variables.

Here is an example of using the input assembly and output assembly for that purpose.

For more detailed information about the data structure of each assembly, please refer to 3-1-7 Status and Control Signals for Each Input and Output Assembly on page 3-14.

Access Using Network Variables

Customize and define variables based on the structure of each communication area of the smart camera. Use Sysmac Studio to define the variables.

For operations of Sysmac Studio, refer to Sysmac Studio Version1 Operation manual (Cat. No.W504).

1 Define the data types for the variables.

Define the data types for the variables based on the structure of each communication area of the smart camera.

 Definition of data type to access a signal Data type for handling control signals and status signals.

	Name of data type	Data type
U_EIPFlag16		STRUCT
	F	BOOL[16]
	W	WORD
U_E	PFlag32	STRUCT
	F	BOOL[32]
	W	DWORD

Definition of data type to access the Output Area (Structure)

It is the data type for accessing the Output Area.

Name of data type	Data type	Description
S_EIPOutput	STRUCT	-
CONTROL	U_EIPFlag16	Control signal (16-bit)
ECHO	WORD	Echo
CmdCode	DWORD	Command code
CmdArg	DWORD	Command parameter
reserved1	U_EIPFlag32	Reserved for future use
VIO	U_EIPFlag16	Virtual IO
reserved2	U_EIPFlag16	Reserved for future use
bool_val	BOOL[64]	Global Data Service (GDS ^{*1}) bool101 to bool164
int_val	INT[10]	GDS int101 to int110
long_val	DINT[10]	GDS long101 to long110
float_val	REAL[10]	GDS float101 to float110
string101_length	DINT	GDS string101 String length
string101	STRING[92]	GDS string101
string102_length	DINT	GDS string102 String length

Ν	lame of data type	Data type	Description
	string102	STRING[28]	GDS string102
	string103_length	DINT	GDS string103 String length
	string103	STRING[28]	GDS string103
	string104_length	DINT	GDS string104 String length
	string104	STRING[28]	GDS string104

*1. For more detailed GDS information, please refer to Edit - Omron Microscan link in the Help file of the AutoVISION software.

It is the data type for accessing the Input Area.

Name of data type	Data type	Description
S_EIPInput	STRUCT	-
STATUS	U_EIPFlag16	Control signal (16-bit)
ECHO	WORD	Echo
CmdCodeRslt	DWORD	Execution result of CmdCode
CmdRet	DWORD	Value returned for CmdCode
reserved1	U_EIPFlag16	Reserved for future use
State	U_EIPFlag16	State
VIO	U_EIPFlag16	Virtual IO
reserved2	U_EIPFlag16	Reserved for future use
bool_val	BOOL[64]	Global Data Service (GDS ^{*1})
		bool1 to bool64
int_val	INT[10]	GDS int1 to int10
long_val	DINT[10]	GDS long1 to long10
float_val	REAL[10]	GDS float1 to float10
string1_length	DINT	GDS string1 String length
string1	STRING[92]	GDS string1
string2_length	DINT	GDS string2 String length
string2	STRING[28]	GDS string2
string3_length	DINT	GDS string3 String length
string3	STRING[28]	GDS string3
string4_length	DINT	GDS string4 String length
string4	STRING[28]	GDS string4

*1. For more detailed GDS information, please refer to Edit - Omron Microscan link in the Help file of the AutoVISION software.

Additional Information

For a description of how to use each bit, please refer to 3-1-7 Status and Control Signals for Each Input and Output Assembly on page 3-14.

2 Define variables.

Define variables to perform data links for data in each communication area through EtherNet/IP communications.

For these variables, use the data types defined in step 1.

[·] Definition of data type to access the Input Area (Structure)

Variable	Variable type	Network pub- lish attribute	Data type	Application
EIPOutput	Global variable	Output	S_EIPOutput	For data links for the Output Area
EIPInput	Global variable	Input	S_EIPInput	For data links for the Input Area

3 Access each communication area from user program. Open the reference table and add EIPInput and EIPOutput. The values will be updated by the corresponding assemblies during operation.

3-1-9 Connection Properties: Class 3 Explicit Messaging

All Class 1 I/O assembly data and additional data are accessible via Explicit message. Input data (camera to PLC/Client) occupies attributes 1 to 100 of the classes. Output data (PLC/Client to camera) occupies attributes 101 to 200.

• Service:

- Get Attibute Single (0xE)
- Set Attibute Single (0x10)

• Class:

- bool = 104 (0x68)
- int = 105 (0x69)
- long = 106 (0x6A)
- float = 107 (0x6B)
- string = 108 (0x6C)
- Conttol/Status (mixed data type) = 109 (0x6D)

• Instance:

• 1

• Attribute:

- 1 to 100 = In to PLC/Client
- 101 to 200 = Out to Smart Camera

Attribute Layout

When using explicit EtherNet/IP messaging, all global data objects can be read or written. Each data type is stored in its own class object and an instance of 1 to read the global data. For example, to read float2, the EtherNet/IP request would be for Service Code 14 (0xE), Class 107 (0x6B), Instance 1, Attribute 2.

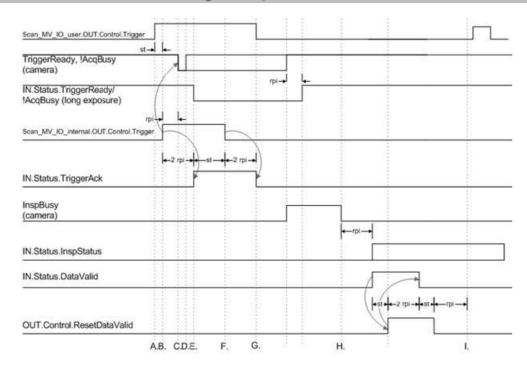
CI	ass 104	Cla	ass 105	CI	ass 106	C	ass 107	C	ass 108	C	lass 109
Attr#		Attr#		Attr#		Attr#		Attr#		Attr#	
1	bool1	1	int1	1	long1	1	float1	1	string1	1	CONTROL
2	bool2	2	int2	2	long2	2	float2	2	string2	2	STATUS
3	bool3	3	int3	3	long3	3	float3	3	string3	3	
4	bool4	4	int4	4	long4	4	float4	4	string4	4	
5	bool5	5	int5	5	long5	5	float5	5	string5	5	3
6	bool6	6	int6	6	long6	6	float6	6	string6	6	ECHO
7	bool7	7	int7	7	long7	7	float7	7	string7	7	CMD CODE
8	bool8	8	int8	8	long8	8	float8	8	string8	8	CMD ARG
9	bool9	9	int9	9	long9	9	float9	9	string9	9	CMD CODE RSL
10	bool10	10	int10	10	long10	10	float10	10	string10	10	CMD RET
			-	-						11	STATE
199	bool199	199	int199	199	long199	199	float199	199	string199	199	
200	bool200	200	int200	200	long200	200	float200	200	string200	200	

The value received in response to Get Attribute Single depends on the type:

- Bool will return a 16-bit word with 0 for false or 1 for true.
- Ints will return a 16-bit signed integer.
- Longs will return a 32-bit signed integer.
- Floats will return a 32-bit floating point number.
- Strings will return a counted string. Total size of a string data item is 2048 bytes. This includes a
 4 byte "length" field followed by 2044 eight bit characters. When accessing strings explicitly, they
 are not limited to the size in the I/O assemblies. For example, string3 is limited to 28 bytes in the
 input assembly. If the actual string is longer than 28 bytes, it will be truncated when reading via
 the assembly, but not truncated when reading the same string via an attribute explicitly.

Assembly Class 109 can be used to read and write sp	pecial EtherNet/IP-specific registers.
reconnery clace recourse accurate read and mile op	

Attr#	Name	Description
1	CONTROL	The control register (16 bit). See <i>Control:Camera Control Register (16-bit)</i> on page 3-19 for bit definitions.
2	STATUS	The status register (16 bit). See <i>Status: Camera Status Register (16-bit)</i> on page 3-15 for bit definition.
6	ECHO	The ECHO register (16 bit). (read only if implicit write is enabled)
7	CMD CODE	The command code register (32 bit). See <i>CmdCode and CmdArg(32-bit)</i> on page 3-19.
8	CMD ARG	The command aregument register (32 bit). See <i>CmdCode and CmdArg(32-bit)</i> on page 3-19.
9	CMD CODE RSLT	The command code result register (32 bit). See <i>CmdCodeRslt (32-bit)</i> on page 3-16.
10	CMD RET	The command returen register (32 bit). See <i>CmdRet (32-bit)</i> on page 3-16.
11	STATE	The device state register (32 bit). See State (16-bit) on page 3-16.



3-1-10 Control/Status Signal Operation

Refer to 3-1-7 Status and Control Signals for Each Input and Output Assembly on page 3-14 for detail of Imput assembly and Output assembly.

- 1. The following describes the signals used in the timing chart.
 - Scan_MV_IO_user.OUT.Control.Trigger:

This is the trigger in the control register.

• TriggerReady, !AcqBusy(camera):

TriggerReady(camera) is the smart camera's internal signal for TRIGGER READY.

!AcqBusy(camera) indicates logical negation (NOT) of the smart camera's internal signal for ACQ BUSY.

The timing chart shows the signals in two cases, one where the exposure time is shorter than rpi and the other where the exposure time is sufficiently long.

• IN.Status.TriggerReady/!AcqBusy(long exposure):

IN.Status.TriggerReady is TRIGGER READY in the status register. IN.Status.!AcqBusy indicates logical negation (NOT) of ACQ BUSY in the status register.

For IN.Status.TriggerReady/!AcqBusy(long exposure), a case where the exposure time is sufficiently longer than rpi is shown.

If the exposure time is shorter than rpi, TRIGGER READY remains ON and ACQ BUSY remains OFF.

The pulse width of EXP BUSY depends on the exposure time set for the inspection executed in the smart camera.

- Scan_MV_IO_internal.OUT.Control.Trigger:
- This is the smart camera's internal signal for TRIGGER.
- IN.Status.TriggerAck: This is TRIGGER ACK in the status register.
- InspBusy(camera):

This is the smart camera's internal signal for INSP BUSY.

• IN.Status.InspStatus: This is INSP STAT in the status register. The timing chart shows the signal in cases where the inspection has been passed and where the inspection has been failed. It turns ON when the inspection has been passed and turns OFF when it has been failed.

The signal retains its status until the next test result is available.

- IN.Status.DataValid: This is DATA VALID in the status register.
- OUT.Control.ResetDataValid: This is RESET DATA VALID in the control register.
- 2. st = PLC program scan time.
- 3. rpi = Requested Packet Interval. Configured in the PLC's EIP module connection properties. Allowed rpi is t0 ms to 3.2 s.
- 4. The PLC tag is delayed by at least 1 or 2 rpi from the status of the smart camera's internal signal.
- A. On rising edge of system trigger, the user app activates Scan_MV_IO_user.OUT.Control.Trigger.
- B. If the smart camera is ready when the rising edge of Scan_MV_IO_user.OUT.Control.Trigger is detected, Scan_MV_IO_internal.OUT.Control.Trigger turns ON.
- C. Camera acquisition begins (may be delayed be one rpi) and then TriggerReady, !AcqBusy(camera) turns to OFF.
- D. IF the smart camera's exposure time is shorter than the rpi, nochange will be seen in IN.Status.Trigger-Ready and IN.Status.!AcqBusy.
- E. After Scan_MV_IO_internal.OUT.Control.Trigger turns ON, IN.Status.TriggerAck turns ON. There may be a delay of 2 rpi from the timing of B until IN.Status.TriggerAck turns ON after Scan_MV_IO_internal.OUT.Control.Trigger turns ON.
- F. Detects IN.Status.TriggerAck and clears Scan_MV_IO_internal.OUT.Control.Trigger.
- G. Detests falling edge of IN.Status.TriggerAck and clears Scan_MV_IO_user.OUT.Control.Trigger.
- H. Camera internal signal IN.Status.DataValid will go ON when InspBusy(camera) goes OFF.
- I. PLC logic must delay one rpi time before re-ssserting OUT.Control.ResetDataValid.

3-1-11 Data Type Descriptions and Equivalents in PLC and EDS/CIP Environments

AV	Description	RSLogix equiv- alent	Description	EDS/EIP equiv- alent	Description
Bool	1 bit	BOOL	1 bit	BOOL	1 bit
-	-	-	-	WORD	16 BOOLs
-	-	-	-	LWORD	64 BOOLs
Int	16 bit signal in- teger	INT	16 bit signal in- teger	INT	16 bit signed in- teger
Long	32 bit signal in- teger	DINT	32 bit signal in- teger	DINT	32 bit signal in- teger
Float	32 bit floating point	REAL	32 bit floating point	REAL	32 bit floating point
String	32bit length field followed by 8 bit ASCII charac- ters	STRING	32bit length field followed by 8 bit ASCII charac- ters	DINT+USINT[]	DINT(length) +USINT array of characters. USINT=8 bit in- teger

3-1-12 PLC Tags and Serial Command Names

PLC tags are separated into IN and OUT for data direction. Within the IN and OUT groups, the tags are sub-divided into fixed Status and Control fields, plus user-defined linked data fields. This table shows how PLC tag names correspond to serial commands.

IN			OUT				
PLC tag prefix	Serial cmd prefix	Tag name	PLC tag prefix	Serial cmd prefix	Tag name		
IN.Status.	eip.status.	Online (1)	OUT.Control.	eip.control.	GoOnline ¹		
IN.Status.	eip.status.	Online (0)	OUT.Control.	eip.control.	GoOffline [#]		
IN.Status.	eip.status.	Error	OUT.Control.	eip.control.	ResetError		
IN.Status.	eip.status.	ResetCountAck	OUT.Control.	eip.control.	ResetCount		
IN.Status.	eip.status.	TriggerAck	OUT.Control.	eip.control.	Trigger		
IN.Status.	eip.status.	DataValid	OUT.Control.	eip.control.	ResetDataValid		
IN.Status.	eip.status.	ExeCmdAck	OUT.Control.	eip.control.	ExeCmd		
IN.Status.	eip.status.	TrigReady [■]	-	-	-		
IN.Status.	eip.status.	AcqBusy	-	-	-		
IN.Status.	eip.status.	ExpBusy	-	-	-		
IN.Status.	eip.status.	InspBusy	1	0.0	-		
IN.Status.	eip.status.	InspStat	-		-		
IN.Status.	eip.	Echo	OUT.Control.	eip.	Echo		
IN.Status.	eip.	CmdCodeRslt	OUT.Control	eip.	CmdCode		
IN.Status	eip.	CmdRet	OUT.Control	eip.	CmdArg		
IN.Status.	eip.	State	-	-	-		
IN.vio.	io.	v[145-160]	OUT.vio.	io.	v[129-144]		
IN.bool.	eip.	bool[1-100]	OUT.bool.	eip.	bool[101-200] ^{iv}		
IN.int.	eip.	int[1-100]	OUT.int.	eip.	int[101-200]*		
IN.long.	eip.	long[1-100]	OUT.long.	eip.	long[101-200]		
IN.float.	eip.	float[1-100]	OUT.float.	eip.	float[101-200]		
IN.string.	eip.	string[1-100]	OUT.string.	eip.	string[101-200]		

- i When GoOnline is changed from 0 to 1, Online goes to 1.
- ii When GoOffline is changed from 0 to 1, Online goes to 0.
- iii TrigReady, AcqBusy, ExpBusy, InspBusy, and InspStat are all IN-direction dta only.
- iv Bool1-Bool64 are mapped to PLC tags in the IN assembly. Bool101-Bool164 are mapped to PLC tags in the OUT assembly. Bool members numbered 65-100 and 165-200 are accesssible via Explicit Message only.
- v For int, long, float, and string data:

Data memners numbered 1-10 are mapped to PLC tags in the IN assembly. Data memners numbered 101-110 are mapped to PLC tags in the OUT assembly. Data memners numbered 11-100 and 111-200 are accessible via Explicit Message only.

3-2 Controlling Operation and Data Output with Serial (TCP)

This section explains the communications settings required for using Serial (TCP) communications between the smart camera and an external device

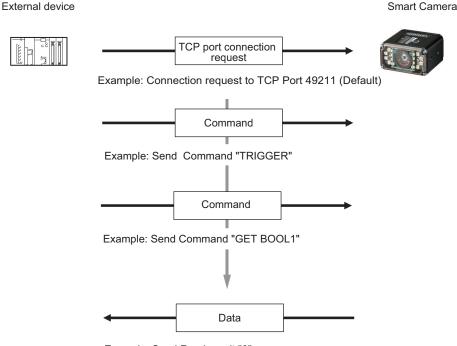
3-2-1 Serial (TCP) Overview

Serial (TCP) conforms to the TCP/IP communication protocols. It can be used with any Ethernet communication equipment compatible with TCP/IP communication protocol. Since the smart camera communicates as a TCP server, the external device to be connected must be connected to smart camera as a TCP client. If you intend to use with an Omron PLC, please verify that it supports Socket Services (TCP Client).

3-2-2 Communications Processing Flow

In a system configuration in which it is connected by Serial (TCP) communications to an external device (such as PLC), serial commands can be received and reading results can be output to the external device.

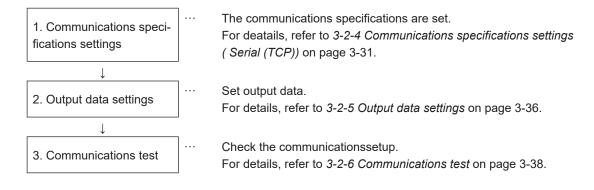
Below is the basic flow for establishing the Serial (TCP) communications, executing a Read command and outputting the Read result.



Example: Send Read result "0"

3-2-3 Communications Setup Procedures

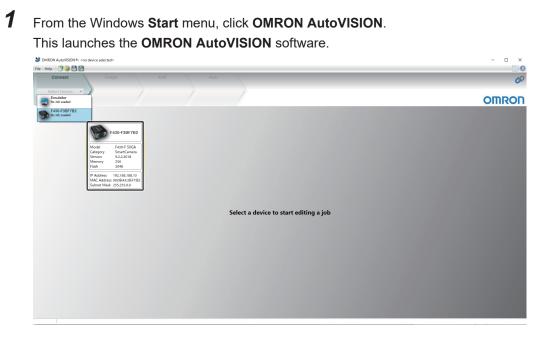
The following settings are required to communicate with Serial (TCP).



3-2-4 Communications specifications settings (Serial (TCP))

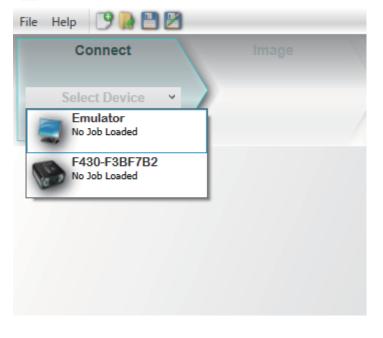
Network Settings on the Smart Camera

Set the Number of serial TCP ports and Starting serial TCP Port of the device.



2 Click on Select Device.

💱 OMRON AutoVISION ®: <no device selected>



3 Click the smart camera for which you want to change the settings. The following screen is displayed.



Click the Lock icon (¹) to enable changing the settings.
 The smart camera's settings are unlocked and the **Modify** button is displayed.

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₽ •	430-F3BF7B2			
V () N	lo Job Loaded			
۹ ۱	icense Options			
1	92.168.188.2			
 Details 				
Model	F430-F SXGA			
Category	SmartCamera			
Version	9.2.2.3018			
Memory	256 MB			
Flash	2048 MB			
IP Address	192.168.188.2			
	00:0B:43:3B:F7:B2			
Subnet Mask	255.255.0.0			
Gateway DHCP	0.0.0.0 Disabled			
Number of serial T Starting serial TCP				
Industrial Protocol	EtherNet/IP			
Serial Port	RS232-1			
Baud Rate	115200			
Data Bits	8			
Parity	None			
Stop Bits Flow Control	1 None			
Flow Control	None			
Auto Button	True			
		Modify		

5 Click the Modify button and then set the Number of serial TCP ports and Starting serial TCP Port.

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Connect F430-F3BF7 No Job Loaded Connected	B2			
	F430-F3BF7B2			
Ver 🕕 No J	Job Loaded			
🔦 Lice	nse Options			
192.	.168.188.2			
 Details 				
Category S Version 9 Memory 2	430-F SXGA imartCamera 3.2.2.3018 156 MB 1048 MB			
	192.168.188. 2 00:0B:43:3B:F7:B2			
	255.255. 0. 0			
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Number of serial TCP Starting serial TCP Po				
Industrial Protocol	EtherNet/IP ×			
Serial Port	RS232-1			
Baud Rate	115200 *			
Data Bits	8 ~			
Parity	None Y			
Stop Bits	1 *			
Flow Control	None *			
Auto Button	 Enable Auto Button Send Trigger 			
	Apply Cancel			

Setting item	Setting value	Description
Number of serial TCP ports	1 to 4	Set the number of serial TCP ports.
Starting serial TCP Port	49211 to 49214	Set the starting serial TCP port number.

The smart camera will use the specified number of serial TCP ports that starts from the set serial TCP port start number. If you set the number of serial TCP ports to 4 and the serial TCP port start number to 49214, it will use TCP ports 49214 to 49217.







9

Precautions for Correct Use

After you change the industrial protocol, you need to reboot the smart camera to have the new setting take effect.

- Click the Yes button to reboot the smart camera.The AutoVISION software is disabled while the smart camera is rebooting.
- **8** Click the **Reconnect** button to reconnect it.
 - The connection is completed.

😻 OMRON AutoVISION ®: F430-F3BF7B2 = <No Job Loaded> : PC = <No Job Loaded>

Model F430-F SXGA Category SmartCamera Version 9.2.2.3018 Memory 256 MB Flash 2048 MB IP Address 192.168.188.2 MAC Address 00:08:43:38:F7:B2 Subnet Mask 255.255.0.0 Gateway 0.0.0 DHCP Disabled Number of serial TCP ports 4 Starting serial TCP Port 49211 Industrial Protocol EtherNet/IP Serial Port RS232-1 Baud Rate 115200 Data Bits 8 Parity None Stop Bits 1 Flow Control None	ile Help 🥑	🍋 💾 🖉 🗢 📖		
 No Job Loaded License Options 192.168.188.2 Details Model F430-F SXGA Category SmartCamera Version 9.2.2.3018 Memory 256 MB Flash 2048 MB IP Address 192.168.188.2 MAC Address 00:08:43:38:F7:82 Subnet Mask 255.255.0.0 Gateway 0.0.0.0 DHCP Disabled Number of serial TCP ports 4 Starting serial TCP Port 49211 Industrial Protocol EtherNet/IP Serial Port RS232-1 Baud Rate 115200 Data Bits 8 Parity None Stop Bits 1 Flow Control None Auto Button True	F430-F3 No Job Lo	BF7B2 aded ¥		
 No Job Loaded License Options 192.168.188.2 Details Model F430-F SXGA Category SmartCamera Version 9.2.2.3018 Memory 256 MB Flash 2048 MB IP Address 192.168.188.2 MAC Address 00:08:43:38:F7:82 Subnet Mask 255.255.0.0 Gateway 0.0.0.0 DHCP Disabled Number of serial TCP ports 4 Starting serial TCP port 49211 Industrial Protocol EtherNet/IP Serial Port RS232-1 Baud Rate 115200 Data Bits 8 Parity None Stop Bits 1 Flow Control None Auto Button True		F430-F3BF7B2		
License Options 192.168.188.2 Details Model F430-F SXGA Category SmartCamera Version 9.2.2.3018 Memory 256 MB Flash 2048 MB IP Address 192.168.188.2 MAC Address 00:08:43:38:F7:B2 Subnet Mask 255.255.0.0 Gateway 0.0.0.0 DHCP Disabled Number of serial TCP ports 4 Starting serial TCP Port 49211 Industrial Protocol EtherNet/IP Serial Port RS232-1 Baud Rate 115200 Data Bits 8 Parity None Stop Bits 1 Flow Control None Auto Button True	1000			
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Details Model F430-F SXGA Category SmartCamera Version 9.2.2.3018 Memory 256 MB Flash 2048 MB IP Address 192.168.188.2 MAC Address 00:08:43:38:F7:82 Subnet Mask 255.255.0.0 Gateway 0.0.0.0 DHCP Disabled Number of serial TCP ports 4 Starting serial TCP Port 49211 Industrial Protocol EtherNet/IP Serial Port RS232-1 Baud Rate 115200 Data Bits 8 Parity None Stop Bits 1 Flow Control None Auto Button True				
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Memory 256 MB Flash 2048 MB IP Address 192.168.188.2 MAC Address 00:08:43:38:F7:82 Subnet Mask 255.255.0.0 Gateway 0.0.0 DHCP Disabled Number of serial TCP ports 4 Starting serial TCP Port 49211 Industrial Protocol EtherNet/IP Serial Port RS232-1 Baud Rate 115200 Data Bits 8 Parity None Stop Bits 1 Flow Control None	Category	SmartCamera		
Flash 2048 MB IP Address 192.168.188.2 MAC Address 00:08:43:38:F7:B2 Subnet Mask 255.255.0.0 Gateway 0.0.0.0 DHCP Disabled Number of serial TCP ports 4 Starting serial TCP Port 49211 Industrial Protocol EtherNet/IP Serial Port RS232-1 Baud Rate 115200 Data Bits 8 Parity None Stop Bits 1 Flow Control None				
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Subnet Mask 255.255.0.0 Gateway 0.0.0.0 DHCP Disabled Number of serial TCP ports 4 Starting serial TCP Port 49211 Industrial Protocol EtherNet/IP Serial Port RS232-1 Baud Rate 115200 Data Bits 8 Parity None Stop Bits 1 Flow Control None Auto Button True	IP Address	192.168.188.2		
Gateway 0.0.0.0 DHCP Disabled Number of serial TCP ports 4 Starting serial TCP Port 49211 Industrial Protocol EtherNet/IP Serial Port RS232-1 Baud Rate 115200 Data Bits 8 Parity None Stop Bits 1 Flow Control None	MAC Address	00:0B:43:3B:F7:B2		
DHCP Disabled Number of serial TCP ports 4 Starting serial TCP Port 49211 Industrial Protocol EtherNet/IP Serial Port RS232-1 Baud Rate 115200 Data Bits 8 Parity None Stop Bits 1 Flow Control None	Subnet Mask	255.255.0.0		
DHCP Disabled Number of serial TCP ports 4 Starting serial TCP Port 49211 Industrial Protocol EtherNet/IP Serial Port RS232-1 Baud Rate 115200 Data Bits 8 Parity None Stop Bits 1 Flow Control None	Gateway	0.0.0.0		
Starting serial TCP Port 49211 Industrial Protocol EtherNet/IP Serial Port RS232-1 Baud Rate 115200 Data Bits 8 Parity None Stop Bits 1 Flow Control None Auto Button True		Disabled		
Starting serial TCP Port 49211 Industrial Protocol EtherNet/IP Serial Port RS232-1 Baud Rate 115200 Data Bits 8 Parity None Stop Bits 1 Flow Control None	Number of serial	TCP ports 4		
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Baud Rate 115200 Data Bits 8 Parity None Stop Bits 1 Flow Control None Auto Button True	Industrial Protoc	ol EtherNet/IP		
Baud Rate 115200 Data Bits 8 Parity None Stop Bits 1 Flow Control None Auto Button True	Social De-t	D\$222.4		
Data Bits 8 Parity None Stop Bits 1 Flow Control None Auto Button True				
Parity None Stop Bits 1 Flow Control None Auto Button True				
Stop Bits 1 Flow Control None Auto Button True		-		
Flow Control None Auto Button True				
Auto Button True				
	now control	None		
Modify	Auto Button	True		
			Modify	

3-2-5 Output data settings

The following shows he procedure to output a string that you read using the Decode Tool, as an example.

- Use any TCIP/IP Tool to configure the IP address, port, and other settings, and then connect to the smart camera.
- · Input the measurement trigger to the smart camera.
- The smart camera outputs the read string (decoded text) to the TCP/IP tool.
 - **1** Register the read string in the Decode Tool.

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2 Open the "TCP/IP and Serial Out" settings in the Test Outputs Tool.

3 Select the port to use for string output.



4 Click the "+" icon in the Build Output String area and then select the "Tool Output Value" option.



5

Click "<Not Connected>" in the Build Output String area.





Select the "Decode Text" option of the Decode Tool.



3-2-6 Communications test

- **1** Use any TCIP/IP Tool to configure the IP address, port, and other settings, and then connect to the smart camera.
- **2** Input the measurement trigger to the smart camera.
- **3** The smart camera outputs the read string (decoded text) to the TCP/IP tool.

3-2-7 Serial command list

Refer to A-3 Serial Command on page A-4 for serial commands.

3-3 Controlling Operation and DataOutput with PROFINET

3-3-1 Overview of PROFINET

PROFINET is a network for industrial use that applies industrial Ethernet (100 Mbps, full duplex) to PROFIBUS DP.

PROFINET is an open standard that is managed by PI (PROFIBUS and PROFINET International) and is used in a variety of types of industrial equipment. Because PROFINET uses standard Ethernet technology, a variety of general-purpose Ethernet devices can be included in the network. This section provides an overview sufficient to use the smart camera with PROFINET.

Refer to the standards IEC61158, IEC61784, and PI for detailed PROFINET specifications.



Precautions for Correct Use

PROFINET is supported in firmware version 9.2.2.3018 and later. If an earlier version than 9.2.2.3018 is used, please update the firmware. Check the version in the Connect view of the AutoVISION software. For how to update the firmware, refer to *Firmware Upgrade and License Information* in the *AutoVISION Software Help*.

Types of PROFINET

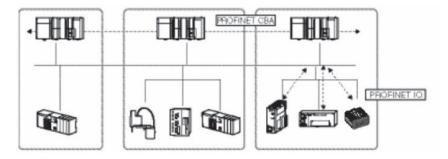
There are two PROFINET standards: PROFINET CBA and PROFINET IO.

PROFINET CBA

Inter-device communication using components. Mainly used between controllers.

PROFINET IO

Control by I/O data between a controller and devices.



This smart camera supports PROFINET IO.

PROFINET IO uses the same device model as PROFINET DP.

The information of each device is described in a GSD (General Station Description) file based on XML(Extensible Markup Language).

• Communication Specifications of PROFINET IO

The communication specifications of PROFINET IO are described below.

3-3-1 Overview of PROFINET

Communication Specifications	Туре	Details	Support
	RT (real-time) com- munication	Uses standard Ethernet hardware and achieves the same level of performance as the existing Fieldbus.	Supported
Periodic data com- munication method	IRT (Isochronous real-time) commu- nication	This method provides a higher level of as- surance than RT that communication will be executed within a specific time. Intend- ed for use in systems such as motion control that require strict real-time.	Not supported

PROFINET IO specifies the supported functions by conformance class, with consideration given to the application.

Class	Overview	Support
Class A	Supports the basic functions of RT communication.	Supported
Class B	This class adds network diagnosis and redundancy functions used in process automation and other applications.	Not Supported
Class C	Supports IRT communication that realizes reliable synchroniza- tion.	Not Supported

The functions below are defined in Class A.

Function	Overview
	Real-time data communication between the I/O controller and I/O devi-
Cyclic Data Exchange	ces at determined cycles.
	Set by I/O data CR.
Aquelia Paramatar Data / Davias	Used for parameter settings, I/O device configuration, and reading of
Acyclic Parameter Data / Device	device information.
Identification	Set by record data CR.
	Communication for the purpose of sending alarms and
Device / Network Diagnosis	statuses from I/O devices to the I/O controller.
	Set by Alarm CR.

The functions below are defined in Class B, which expands upon Class A.

Function	Overview
SNMP (Simple Network Manage- ment Protocol)	Allows additional Network Diagnostics via Management Information Base 2 (MIB2) and Lower Link Layer Discovery Protocol-MIB(LLDP- EXT-MIB).
PDEV (Physical Device Object)	Can also gather diagnostic information using acyclic PROFINET serv- ices.

• Device Types Used in PROFINET IO

The devices below are defined in PROFINET IO.

Type Details	
I/O Controller Controller for external and other devices.	
I/O Device	Sensor device connected to the I/O controller. This smart camera is an I/O device.
I/O Supervisor PC or other device used for maintenance and diagnosis.	

IO Devices

I/O devices consist of DAPs and I/O modules.

- The functions and properties of these devices are described in a GSD file.
- **DAP (Device Access Point)**: This is an Ethernet access point and is used by means of a communication program.Ethernet.
- I/O Module: Consists of the Slot, Subslot, and Index below. An I/O module has one or multiple slots.
- Slot: Indicates the location of the I/O module in the I/O device.
- **Subslot**: I/O interface inside the slot. This defines data types such as bit data and byte data, and the meanings of the data types.
- Index: Data in a Subslot.

The above information is described in the GSD file of this smart camera, and the I/O controller uses the GSD file of this smart camera to build the system.

Additional Information

When an I/O device is used in PROFINET, the GSD file that describes the device functions and properties is used to configure the network configuration settings.

When this smart camera is used in PROFINET as an I/O device, the GSD file of this smart camera must be installed in the engineering tool.

Data Communication in PROFINET IO

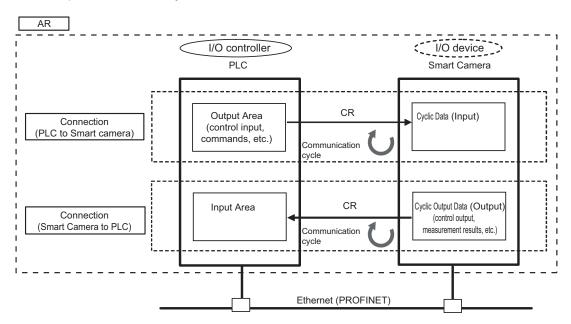
For an I/O controller and I/O device to communicate, a connection called an AR (Application Relation) must first be established between the two devices.

When the AR connection is established, data communication between the I/O controller and I/O device takes place by means of a CR (Communication Relation) that defines the content of the data communication.

An I/O device can establish AR relations with multiple communication devices. In addition, multiple CR relations can be defined inside one AR.

By establishing multiple CR relations inside one AR, communication that requires multiple profiles or differing Subslots can be performed.

It is also possible to set a cycle time for each CR or I/O.



3

CR is classified into IO data CR, record data CR, and alarm CR. Within the IO data CR, data communication is performed for each refreshing task period. Within CRs other than the IO data CR, communication takes place between the periodic data communications.

Within the record data CR, the IO controller will send commands to the IO device(s) at any time. IO device(s) will send back responses to the IO controller.

3-3-2 Smart Camera Communications for PROFINET Connections

You can use PROFINET IO data CR to communicate between the PLC and the reader to perform control via command/response communications or to output data after measurements.

The smart camera complies with PROFINET conformance class B.

To connect to external devices and communicate using PROFINET, configure the PROFINET IO data CR settings with the engineering tool.

For details on the IO data CR settings in the engineering tool, refer to the manual for each engineering tool.

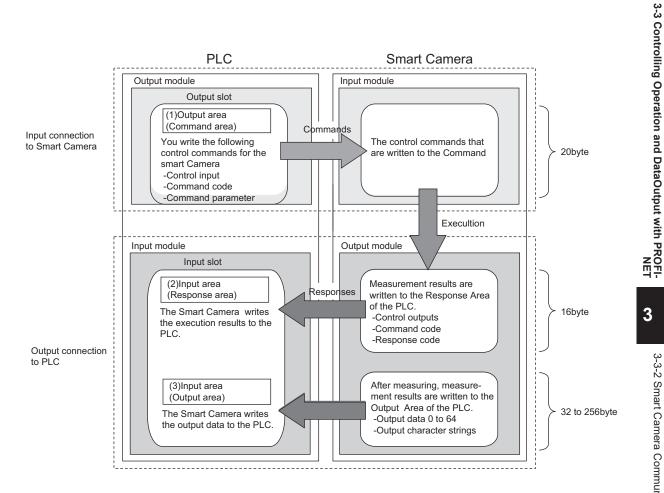
Types of Communications Areas

For PROFINET communications, the following three communications areas are used in the PLC to perform communications.

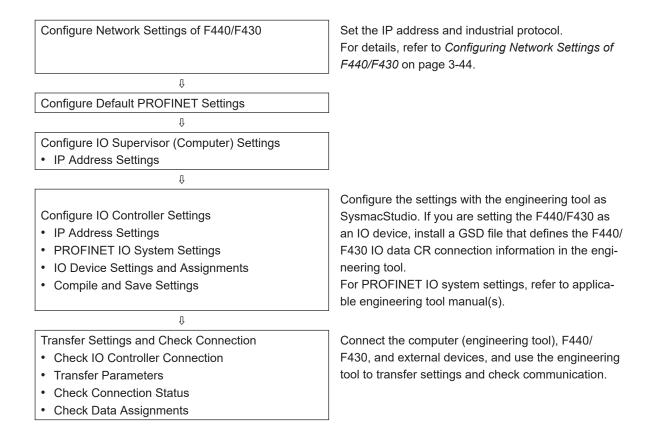
Areas Used for the Different Control Methods

Command / Decreases	(1) Output Area (Com- mand Area)	This is the area to which you write control commands for the smart camera to execute.
Command / Response Communications	(2) Input Area (Response Area)	This is the area to which the smart camera writes the results of control commands executed from the command area.
Data Output after Meas- urements	(3) Input Area (Output Area)	This is the area to which the smart camera writes out- put data for measurements after an inspection is per- formed.

The Input Area (Response Area) (2) and Input Area (Output Area) (3) are assigned to continuous memory addresses or to a variable.



3-3-3 Communications Settings



The following settings are required to use PROFINET communications.

3-3-4 Communication Specifications Settings (PROFINET)

Configuring Network Settings of F440/F430

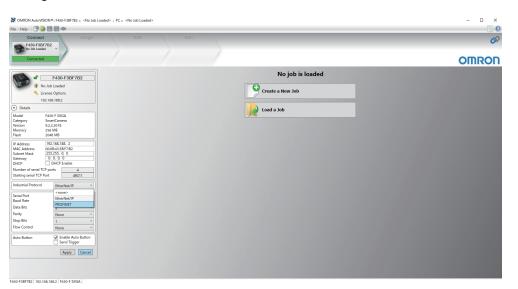
Launch the AutoVISION software.
 The OMRON AutoVISION startup screen is displayed.

MRON AutoVISION #: F430-F38F782 = <no job="" l<="" th=""><th>oaded> : PC = <no job="" loaded=""></no></th><th></th><th>- 🗆 ×</th></no>	oaded> : PC = <no job="" loaded=""></no>		- 🗆 ×
File Help 🕐 🔐 🛅 🖄 👁			0
Connect Image	Edit Run	>	Ø
Connected			OMRON
6 F430-F3BF7B2		No job is loaded	
No Job Loaded License Options		Createa New Job	
192.168.188.2 Details			
Declars Model F430-F SXGA Category SmartCamera Version 9.2.2.3018 Memory 256 M8 Flash 2048 M8		Load a Job	
IP Address 192.168.188.2 MAC Address 0008.433.8F7.82 Subnet Mask 253.255.00 Gateway 0.0.0 DHCP Disabled Number of serial TCP ports 4.5211			
Industrial Protocol PROFINET			
Serial Port RS232-1 Baud Rate 115200 Data Bits 8 Parity None Stop Bits 1 Flow Control None			
Auto Button True			

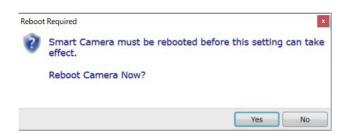
2 Select the F440/F430 to connect to in the Connect list.

2 OMRON AutoVISION®: F430-F38F782 = «No Job Loaded» : PC = «No Job Loaded»		- 🗆 ×
File Help 🕐 🎴 🖹 🕸 👁		0
Connect Image Edit Run		Ø
Connected		OMRON
▲ F430-F38F7B2	No job is loaded	
No Job Loaded		
License Options	Create a New Job	
192.168.188.2		
Details	🕗 Load a Job	
Model F430-F SXGA Category SmartCamera	44	
Version 9.2.2.3018 Memory 256 MB		
Flash 2048 MB		
IP Address 192.168.188.2 MAC Address 00:08:43:38:F7:82		
Subnet Mask 255,255,0.0		
Gateway 0.0.0.0 DHCP Disabled		
Number of serial TCP ports 4 Starting serial TCP Port 49211		
Industrial Protocol EtherNet/IP		
Serial Port R5232-1		
Baud Rate 115200 Data Bits 8		
Parity None		
Stop Bits 1 Flow Control None		
Auto Button True		
Modify		
		CARLES CONTRACTOR
C420. (20) 782 102 102 102 1 C420. (CVCA		

3 Change Industrial Protocol selection to PROFINET.



4 The Reboot Required dialog box is displayed. Reboot the smart camera according to the message.

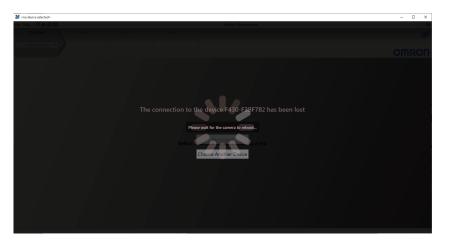




Precautions for Correct Use

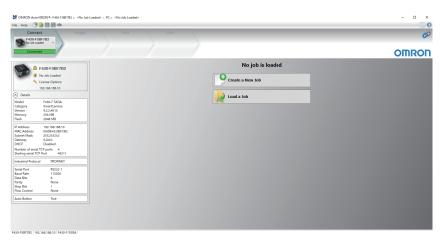
After you change the industrial protocol, you need to reboot the smart camera to have the new setting take effect.

5 "The Connection to the device FXXX-XXXXXX has been lost" screen is displayed. Click **Reconnect**.





Confirm that *PROFINET* is displayed for Industrial Protocol.



3-3-5 Slot/Subslot Layout Descriptions

The slot/subslot layout is shown below.

Slot	Dir	Bytes	Name	Description
1	In	2	STATUS	Status register of the smart camera. Each bit of this register represents a differrent state item. See <i>Status: Camera Status Register (16-bit)</i> on page 3-50 for bit definision.
3	In	2	ECHO	This 16 bit word value reflects back to the PLC the value that the PLC wrote to the output slot ECHO register. The PLC can verify the output slot has been written to the smart camera when this value matches the written value.
5	In	4	CmdCodeRsIt	When Status.ExeCmdAck gows active in response to Con- trol.ExeCmd, CmdCodeRslt contain the data returned from the command invoked by CmdCode.See <i>CmdCodeRslt (32-bit)</i> on page 3-51 for difinition.
7	In	4	CmdRet	When Status.ExeCmdAck gows active in response to Con- trol.ExeCmd, CmdRet contains the data returned from the com- mand invoked by Control.CmdCode. See <i>CmdRet (32-bit)</i> on page 3-51 for definition.
9	In	2	State	Device State register. Depending on the current state of the smart camera, certain STATUS and CONTROL features may or may not be operationed.See <i>State (16-bit)</i> on page 3-52 for definition.
2	Out	2	CONTROL	Control register of smart camera. Each bit of this register repre- sents a different status item.See <i>Control:Camera Control Regis-</i> <i>ter (16-bit)</i> on page 3-53 for bit definition.
4	Out	2	ECHO	This 16 bit value reflects back to the PLC in the input slot ECHO register. The PLC can verify the output slot has been written to the smart camera when the input slot matches this written value.
6	Out	4	CmdCode	Specifies the process invoked in the smart camera when Con- trol.ExeCmd goes active. See <i>CmdCode and CmdArg (32-bit)</i> on page 3-54 for definition.
8	Out	4	CmdArg	Additional argument data for CmdCode. See <i>CmdCode and CmdArg (32-bit)</i> on page 3-54 for definition.
11	In	2	VIO	Each bit reflects the state of virtual IO point. The least significant bit reflects vio point 145, the most significant ite vio point 160.
10	Out	2	VIO	Each bit reflects the state of virtual IO point. The least significant bit reflects vio point 129, the most significant ite vio point 144.
13	In	8	bool1-64	Each bit represents a boolvalue. the least significant bit of byte 0 reads the value of bool1. The most significant bit of byte 7 reads bool64.
12	Out	8	bool101-164	Each bit represents a boolvalue. the least significant bit of byte 0 reads the value of bool101. The most significant bit of byte 7 reads bool164.
15	In	20	int1-10	Each pair of sequential bytes represents a 16 bit signed integer value. the20 bytes represents 10 integers. From bytes 0-1 for the value of int1 through bytes 18-19 for the value of int10.
14	Out	20	int101-110	 Each pair of sequential bytes represents a 16 bit signed integer value. the20 bytes represents 10 integers. Each pair of sequential bytes represents a 16 bit signed integer value. the20 bytes represents 10 integers. From bytes 0-1 for the value of int1 through bytes 18-19 for the value of int10.

Slot	Dir	Bytes	Name	Description
17	In	64	long1-16	Each group of 4 bytes represents a 32 bit signed integer value. From bytes 0-1 for the value of long1 through bytes 60-63 for the value of long16.
16	Out	64	long101-116	Each group of 4 bytes represents a 32 bit signed integer value. The 64 bytes represents 16 long integers. From bytes 0-3 for the value of long101 through bytes 60-63 for the value of long116.
19	In	96	float1-24	Each group of 4 bytes represents a 32 bit signed integer value. The 96 bytes represents 24 long integers. From bytes offset 0-1 for the value of float1 through bytes offsets 92-95 for the value of float24.
18	Out	96	float101-124	Each group of 4 bytes represents a 32 bit signed integer value. The 96 bytes represents 24 long integers. From bytes offset 0-1 for the value of float101 through bytes offsets 92-95 for the value of float124.
21	In	96	string1	These 96 bytes can store a string of up to 94, 8 bit characters, with the first 2 bytes containing the length value.
20	Out	96	string101	These 96 bytes can store a string of up to 94, 8 bit characters, with the first 2 bytes containing the length value.
23	In	96	string2-string7	6 consective strings, each of these 32 bytes group can store a string of up to 30, 8 bit characters, with the first 2 bytes of each string group containing the strage length and string length value.
22	Out	96	string102- string107	6 consective strings, each of these 32 bytes group can store a string of up to 30, 8 bit characters, with the first 2 bytes of each string group containing the strage length and string length value.

Slot Data Layout Diagrams

The slot data layout is shown below.

	PLC Inp			
Slot	Byte Offset	Data		
1	0	STATUS		
3	0	Echo In		
5	0	CMD CODE RSLT		
7	0	CMD RET		
9	0	STATE		
11	0	VIO 145 160		
	0	bool 1 16		
13	2	bool 17 32		
	4	bool 33 48		
2	6	bool 49 64		
	0	int 1		
	2	int 2		
	4	int 3		
	6	int 4		
15	10	int 5 int 6		
8	10	int 7		
8	14	int 8		
	14	int 9		
	18	int 10		
	0	long 1		
	4	long 2		
6	8	long 3		
	12	long 4		
	16	long 5		
	20	long 6		
	24	long 7		
	28	long 8		
17	32	long 9		
	36	long 10		
	40	long 11		
	44	long 12		
	48	long 13		
	52	long 14		
	56	long 15		
	60	long 16		
	PLC I	nput		
Slot	Byte Off	-		
	0	float 1		
	4	float 2		
	2.57			
	8	float 3		
	12	float 4		
	16	float 5		
	20	float 6		
	24	float 7		
	28	float 8		
	32	float 9		
	36	float 10		
	40	float 11		
	44	float 12		
19	44	float 13		
	52	float 14		
	56	float 15		

		PLC U	uτp	ut		
SI		Byte Of	ffset			
2		0		CONTRO		
4		0		Echo Ou		
6		0	_	CMD CO		
8	3	0		CMD AR	G	
1	0	0	-	VIO 129.	144	
-	10 0		_	bool 101		
		2		bool 117		
1	2	4		bool 133	148	
		6		bool 149		
_		0	_	int 101		
	2			int 102		
		4		int 103		
		6		int 104		
1	4	8		int 105		
		10		int 106		
		12		int 107		
		14		int 108		
		16		int 109 int 110		
-	-	0	_	long 101		
		4		long 102		
		8		long 103		
		12		long 104		
		16		long 105		
		20		long 106		
		24		long 107		
1	6	28		long 108		
2		32		long 109		
		36		long 110		
		40		long 111		
		44		long 112		
		48		long 113		
		52 56		long 114 long 115		
		60		long 116		
						I
			_	COutp	_	
	S	lot	Byt	e Offset	Data	
				0	float	
				4	float	
				8	float	
				12	float	104
				16	float	105
				20	float	106
				24	float	107
				28	float	108
				32	float	109
				36	float	110
				40	float	111
	18			44	float	112
				48	float	113
				52	float	114
				56	float	115
				60	float	116
				64	float	
				68	float	
				72	float	
				76	float	
				80	float	
				84	float	
				88	float	
				92	float	
				32	noat	124

PLC Output

3-3 Controlling
Operation and DataOutput w
DataOutput v
vith PROFI- NET

float 16

float 17

float 18

float 19

float 20

float 21

float 22

float 23

float 24

60

64

68 72

76

80

84

88

92

	PLC Inp	ut		PLC Outp	ut
Slot	Byte Offset	Data	Slot	Byte Offset	Data
	0	94		0	94
	1	<str 1="" len=""></str>		1	<str 101="" len=""></str>
21	2	string 1	20	2	string 101
	95			95	
	0	30		0	30
	1	<str 2="" len=""></str>		1	<str 102="" len=""></str>
	2	string 2		2	string 102
	31			31	
	32	30		32	30
	33	<str 3="" len=""></str>		33	<str 103="" len=""></str>
	34	string 3		34	string 103
	63			63	
	64	30		64	30
	65	<str 4="" len=""></str>		65	<str 104="" len=""></str>
23	66	string 4	22	66	string 104
	95			95	
	96	30		96	30
	97	<str 5="" len=""></str>		97	<str 105="" len=""></str>
	98	string 5		98	string 105
	127			127	
	160	30		160	30
	161	<str 6="" len=""></str>		161	<str 106="" len=""></str>
	162	string 6		162	string 106
	191			191	

PLC Slot Layout for Omron Microscan Smart Cameras

The PLC slot layout for the smart camera is shown below.

 dut 	0	0
 Interface 	0	0 X1
Port 1	0	0 X1 P1
Status_1	0	1
Control_1	0	2
Echo In_1	0	3
Echo Out_1	0	4
Cmd Code Rslt_1	0	5
Cmd Code_1	0	6
Cmd Ret_1	0	7
Cmd Arg_1	0	8
State_1	0	9

• Status: Camera Status Register (16-bit)

Each bit of this register represents a different state of the camera's operation. A high value of 1 indicates that state is active (true).

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
				DATA VALID	INSP STAT	INSP BUSY	TRIGGER ACK	EXE CMD ACK		RESET COUNT ACK	ERROR	TRIGGER READY	ACQ BUSY	EXP BUSY	ONLINE
-			- Inspe	ection 1			\rightarrow	<			All Inst	oections			

Bit	Name	Description
0	ONLINE	Inspections are running.
1	EXP BUSY	The smart camera is busy capturing an image. The smart camera should not be triggered or the part under inspection moved during this time if illuminated.
2	ACQ BUSY	The smart camera is busy acquiring an image. The smart camera can- not be triggered while busy.
3	TRIGGER READY	The smart camera is ready to be triggered. This is equivalent to ON-LINE == 1 and ACQBUSY== 0.
4	ERROR	An error has occured. Set the RESET ERROR control bit high to clear.
5	RESET COUNT ACK	This bit mirrors the RESET COUNT control bit. The PLC can be certain the reset command was received by the smart camera when this goes high. The PLC can then bring the RESET COUNT control signal back low.
7	EXE CMD ACK	This bit mirrors the EXE CMD control bit.
8	TRIGGER ACK	This bit mirrors the TRIGGER control bit.
9	INSP BUSY	This bit is high when insection 1 is busy processing an image.
10	INSP STAT	This bit represents the inspection 1 status result. It is 1 if the inspection passes. It is only calid when DataValid goes high.
11	DATA VALID	This bit goed high when the inspection 1 is complete. The PLC should clear this signal by setting RESET DV high once it has read results.

• CmdCodeRsIt (32-bit)

The value of CmdCodeRsIt is only valid when ExeCmdAck is active (1), in response to ExeCmd being active.

CmdCodeRsIt value (base 16 hex)	Meaning
0x0000_0000	Success
0x0100_0000	Fail.
	Possible reasons:
	Camera under PC control. Job cannot be changed.
0x0200_0000	Fail: Nojob in slot.
0x0300_0000	Fail: Unknown cmd.

CmdRet (32-bit)

The value of CmdRet is only valid when ExeCmdAck is active (1), in response to ExeCmd being active, and CmdCodeRsIt is 0 (Success). The following table shows which CmdCodes return data in the CmdRet register.

CmdRet value (32 bit)	Associated CmdCode	Meaning
0	0x0100_0000	na
	to	
	0x1300_0000	
	(Job Change type)	
1-255	0x1800_0000	Active Job Slot #
	(Query Active Job slot)	

• State (16-bit)

State reflects the following operational condition of the camera.

State value (16 bit)	Meaning	Typycal action required by the client (plc), or system operator
0	Offline ^{*1}	Perform job change or put camera online.
1	Online ^{*2}	Normal runtime operation: Monitor Trig- gerReady and DataValid signals. Trigger th smart camera.
2	Changing Vision Job	If camera is under pc control: Wait until State changes to Offline or On- line. If PLC is controlling the job change: Use Exemd, CmdCode, ExeCmdAck, and CmdCodeRslt to complete the operation.
3	Booting ^{*3}	Wait for camera to transition to Online or Offline.
4	Empty (no Vision Jpb)	Load a new jpb from AutoVISION or FrontRunner.

*1. If the camera does not have any saved jobs, then after the reboot the camera will be offline.

*2. During a power cycle or reboot the camera will be online when completed if the camera has a saved job that can be loaded.

*3. This will raely be seen by the PLC.

The value of State determines which Control and Status signals are available:

			State		
Control/Status Signal	0	1	2	3	4
Signal	(Offline)	(Online)	(Job Change)	(Booting)	(Empty)
Control.GO ON- LINE	Y				
Control.GO OFF- LINE		Y			
Control.RESET ERROR	Y	Y			Y
Control.RESET COUNT	Y	Y			
Control.EXE CMD	Y	Y	Y		Y
Control.TRIGGER		Y			
Control.RESET DATA VALID		Y			
Status.ONLINE	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Status.ERROR	Y	Y			Y
Status.RESET COUNT ACK	Y	Y			
Status.EXE CMD ACK	Y	Y	Y		Y
Status.EXP BUSY		Y			
Status.ACQ BUSY		Y			
Status.TRIGGER READY	Y				

	State					
Control/Status	0	1	2	3	4	
Signal	(Offline)	(Online)	(Job Change)	(Booting)	(Empty)	
Status.TRIGGER ACK		Y				
Status.INSP BUSY		Y				
Status.INSP STAT		Y				
Status.DATA VAL- ID		Y				

Where:

Y = Signal is valid for this State

Empty cell = Signal is not valid for this State

• VIO Output Register Bits

 15
 14
 13
 12
 11
 10
 9
 8
 7
 6
 5
 4
 3
 2
 1
 0

 v144
 v143
 v142
 v141
 v140
 v139
 v138
 v137
 v136
 v135
 v134
 v133
 v132
 v131
 v130
 v129

VIO Input Register Bits

 15
 14
 13
 12
 11
 10
 9
 8
 7
 6
 5
 4
 3
 2
 1
 0

 v160
 v159
 v158
 v157
 v156
 v155
 v154
 v153
 v152
 v151
 v150
 v149
 v148
 v147
 v146
 v145

• Control:Camera Control Register (16-bit)

Each bit of this register controls a function on the camera. Transitions from a low state of 0 to a high state of 1, initiates the associate operation. The PLC should return the state of the control bit back to 0 after it has acknowledged the camera has processed the control. Unused bits should remain 0. Setting the Reset Data Valid bit (bit 11) will alsoreset the Error bit (bit 4) in the Camera Status Register.

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
				RESET DATA VALID			TRIGGER	EXE CMD		RESET	RESET ERR			GO OFFLINE	GO ONLINE
<			Inspe	ection 1			>	<			All Inspe	ections			

Bit	Name	Description	
0	GO ONLINE	Start all inspections running	
1	GO OFFLINE Stop all inspections		
4	RESET ERROR	Rest ERROR in the Status register	
5	RESET COUNT	Reset all inspection counts ^{*1}	
7	EXE CMD	Execute the command specified by Coontrol.CmdCode	
8	TRIGGER	Trigger Inspection1. The inspection must be configured for atriggerd image scquisition.	
11	RESET DATA VALID	Rest the DataValid signal of the Statsu register.	

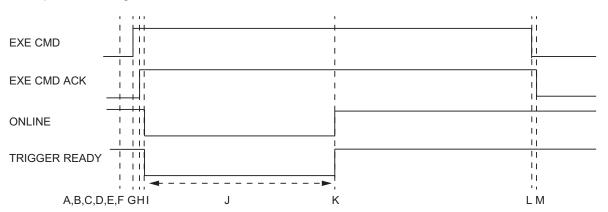
*1. The inspection counts for Inspected, Passed, Failed, Cycle, Cycle Worst, PPM, PPM Worst, and Overrun will be reset.

• CmdCode and CmdArg (32-bit)

Specifies the process invoked in the camera when Control.ExeCmd goes active. The CmdCode and CmdArg must beset, at least 2 RPI, before setting the EXE CMD bit in the control register. Do not set all the values within the same RPI. List of available CmdCodes, and associated CmdArg:

CmdCode value	CmdArg	Operations performed
0x1000_0000	Job Slot (1-255)	Go Offline, Load job from specified slot
0x1100_0000	Job Slot (1-255)	Go Offline, Load job from specified slot, Go Online
0x1200_0000	Job Slot (1-255)	Go Offline, Load job from specified slot, Make it the boot
		job
0x1300_0000	Job Slot (1-255)	Go Offline, Load job from specified slot, Make it the boot job, and Go Online
0x1800_0000	na	Query active job slot. CmdRet will contain the active job slot number when the operation is done.

CmdCode and ExeCmd Operation



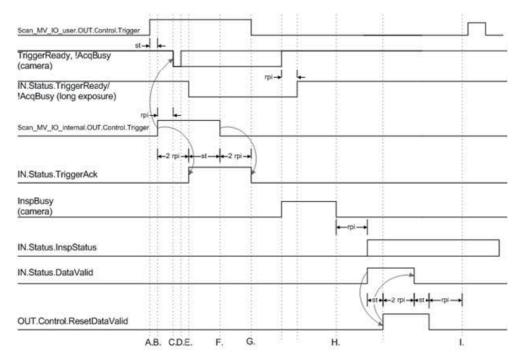
Example: Job change

Task	Description	Output Slot	Input Slot
Prerequi-	The Smart Camera must not be controlled by AutoVI-		
site	SION, FrontRunner, Web Monitor, or Custom User In-		
	terface.		
А	Stop triggering the inspection.	GO OFFLINE =	
	If running a continuous inspection (without triggers), it	TRUE	
	is recommended to go offline before starting job		
	change.		
В	If Data Valid or Error is TRUE, clear these outputs.	RESET DATA VAL-	
		ID = TRUE	
		RESET ERROR =	
		TRUE	
С	Wait until Data Valid or Error is FALSE.		DATA VALID =
			FALSE
			ERROR = FALSE

Task	Description	Output Slot	Input Slot
D	Confirm the following bits are FALSE. GO OFFLINE, GO ONLINE, RESET ERROR, RESET COUNT, RESET DATA VALID, TRIGGER DO NOT CHANGE these bits during job change.	GO OFFLINE = FALSE GO ONLINE = FALSE RESET ERROR = FALSE RESET COUNT = FALSE TRIGGER= FALSE RESET DATA VAL- ID= FALSE	
E	Set Command Code (0x1100_0000) to tell the Smart Camera to Go Offline, Load Job from specified slot, Go Online. Set Command Arg to tell the Smart Camera to load job in slot 1.	CmdCode = 0x1100_0000 CmdArg = 1	
F	Wait at least 1 RPI between Command Code, Com- mand Arg assignment and Execute Command.		
G	Set Execute Command bit to TRUE to start job change.	EXE CMD = TRUE	
Н	Set Execute Command bit to TRUE to start job change.		EXE CMD ACK = TRUE
I	Smart Camera is Offline. Smart Camera is not ready for trigger. State=0 indicates the Smart Camera is offline.		ONLINE = FALSE TRIGGER READY = FALSE State = 0
J	State=2 indicates unit is changing the vision job.		State = 2
К	The Smart Camera is Online. Smart Camera is ready for trigger. State=0 indicates Smart Camera is offline. State=1 indicates Smart Camera is online. Command Code Result indicates successful job change. (This must be checked while the ExeCmd is still TRUE.)		ONLINE = TRUE TRIGGER READY = TRUE State = 1 CmdCodeRsIt = 0x0000_0000 (successful job change)
L	Set Execute Command bit to FALSE to finish job change.	EXE CMD = FALSE	
Μ	Execute Command Acknowledge bit = FALSE.		EXE CMD ACK = FALSE

You need to monitor the value of State to know when the job changes are complete.

3-3-6 Control/Status Signal Operation



See 3-3-5 Slot/Subslot Layout Descriptions on page 3-46 for details of Slot and Subslot.

- 1. The following describes the signals used in the timing chart.
 - Scan_MV_IO_user.OUT.Control.Trigger:
 - This is the trigger in the control register.
 - TriggerReady, !AcqBusy(camera):

TriggerReady(camera) is the smart camera's internal signal for TRIGGER READY. !AcqBusy(camera) indicates logical negation (NOT) of the smart camera's internal signal for ACQ BUSY.

The timing chart shows the signals in two cases, one where the exposure time is shorter than rpi and the other where the exposure time is sufficiently long.

• IN.Status.TriggerReady/!AcqBusy(long exposure):

IN.Status.TriggerReady is TRIGGER READY in the status register. IN.Status.!AcqBusy indicates logical negation (NOT) of ACQ BUSY in the status register.

For IN.Status.TriggerReady/!AcqBusy(long exposure), a case where the exposure time is sufficiently longer than rpi is shown.

If the exposure time is shorter than rpi, TRIGGER READY remains ON and ACQ BUSY remains OFF.

The pulse width of EXP BUSY depends on the exposure time set for the inspection executed in the smart camera.

• Scan_MV_IO_internal.OUT.Control.Trigger:

This is the smart camera's internal signal for TRIGGER.

IN.Status.TriggerAck:

This is TRIGGER ACK in the status register.

- InspBusy(camera):
 - This is the smart camera's internal signal for INSP BUSY.
- IN.Status.InspStatus: This is INSP STAT in the status register.

The timing chart shows the signal in cases where the inspection has been passed and where the inspection has been failed. It turns ON when the inspection has been passed and turns OFF when it has been failed.

The signal retains its status until the next test result is available.

- IN.Status.DataValid: This is DATA VALID in the status register.
- OUT.Control.ResetDataValid: This is RESET DATA VALID in the control register.
- 2. st = PLC program scan time.
- 3. rpi represents the packet interval of the PLC. Use the PLC project development software for this smart camera device PROFINET interface to set this. Set rpi between 16 and 512 ms.
- 4. The PLC tag is delayed by at least 1 or 2 rpi from the status of the smart camera's internal signal.
- A. On rising edge of system trigger, the user app activates Scan_MV_IO_user.OUT.Control.Trigger.
- B. If the smart camera is ready when the rising edge of Scan_MV_IO_user.OUT.Control.Trigger is detected, Scan_MV_IO_internal.OUT.Control.Trigger turns ON.
- C. Camera acquisition begins (may be delayed be one rpi) and then TriggerReady, !AcqBusy(camera) turns to OFF.
- D. IF the smart camera's exposure time is shorter than the rpi, nochange will be seen in IN.Status.Trigger-Ready and IN.Status.!AcqBusy.
- E. After Scan_MV_IO_internal.OUT.Control.Trigger turns ON, IN.Status.TriggerAck turns ON. There may be a delay of 2 rpi from the timing of B until IN.Status.TriggerAck turns ON after Scan_MV_IO_internal.OUT.Control.Trigger turns ON.
- F. Detects IN.Status.TriggerAck and clears Scan_MV_IO_internal.OUT.Control.Trigger.
- G. Detests falling edge of IN.Status.TriggerAck and clears Scan_MV_IO_user.OUT.Control.Trigger.
- H. Camera internal signal IN.Status.DataValid will go ON when InspBusy(camera) goes OFF.
- I. PLC logic must delay one rpi time before re-ssserting OUT.Control.ResetDataValid.

4

Controlling Operation and Data Output with RS-232C

4-1	Contro	Iling Operation and Data Output with RS-232C	. 4-2
	4-1-1	Communications Processing Flow	
	4-1-2	RS-232C Wiring	
	4-1-3	Communication Settings (Serial (RS-232C))	
	4-1-4	Output Settings	
	4-1-5	Serial Command List (RS-232C)	4-5

4-1 Controlling Operation and Data Output with RS-232C

This section explains how to connect the smart camera to an external device (such as PLC) using RS-232C communications and the methods that you can use to control the smart camera and its output.

4-1-1 Communications Processing Flow

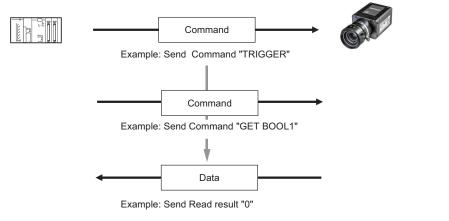
In a system configuration in which it is connected by Serial (RS-232C) communications to an external device (such as PLC), serial commands can be received and reading results can be output to the external device.

Below is the basic flow for establishing the Serial (RS-232C) communications, executing a Read command and outputting the Read result.

External device



Smart Camera (F430-F)



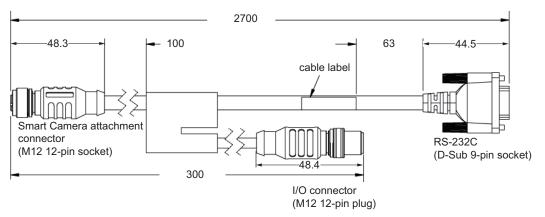
4-1-2 RS-232C Wiring

There are two ways of wiring the F440-F/F430-F for RS-232C connection.

Using the RS-232C-I/O 2 Pronge cable (V430-WQR-3M)

The D-Sub 9 Pin connector can be connected directly to an IBM PC compatible Serial Port. V430-WQR-3M

(Unit: mm)



Please connect V430-W8□ to the I/O connector (M12 plug) and connect it to power supply etc. RS-232C (D-sub 9 Pin Female Connector)

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin Layout Diagram
1	-	
2	HOST_RxD(SD)	5
3	HOST_TxD(RD)	
4	-	
5	0V	3
6	-	
7	-	
8	-	
9	-	

Using the RS-232C Signal on I/O cable (V430-W8)

RS-232C communication is possible by combining the signal for RS-232C communication (HOST_RxD, HOST_TxD) coming from the I/O cable (V430-W8□) with the RS-232C signal of the device it is connected to.

(If the V430-W8 \square is connected to the M12 plug of the V430-WQR-3M, the RS-232C signal on the V430-W8 \square cannot be used.)

I/O Cable Connection Diagram (All V430-W8)

Wire color	Pin No.	Signal Name	Function
Brwon	2	24V	Power supply
Blue	7	0V	GND
Red	8	COM_IN	Common Input Signals (Input Common)
Red striped	12	COM_OUT	Common Output Signals (Output Common)
White	1	TRIG	Measurement Trigger Input (When the trigger setting is selected sensor)
Black	9	RD	Receive Data
Purple	10	SD	Send Data
Gray	5	OUTPUT1	Output1
Gray striped	11	OUTPUT2	Output2
Pink	6	OUTPUT3	Output3

Colors for each wire

Wire color	Pin No.	Signal Name	Function
Green	3	DEFAULT	Default
			This is not used for the F440-F/F430-F.
Yellow	4	NEW MASTER	New Master
			This pin is used when the Decode Tool is used
			to learn new match strings.
			To enable the learning function, turn ON pin
			number 4 with the Auto Teaching option set to
			"Learn Match Strings" in the Advanced Set-
			tings of the decoder tool .
			If the trigger setting is digital, a measurement
			trigger is also entered.
None	-	(Shield)	Shield

V430-W8				External Device to Connect	
Signal Name	Color		7\	Signal Name	Pin No.
SD	Black			RxD (RD)	*2
RD	Purple	 		TxD (SD)	*2
0V *1	Blue	 		 GND	*2
		<u>}_</u>	ν		

Use a shielded cable. Up to 15m cable length.

*1. 0V is shared with the 0V for F440-F/F430-F power supply supply, so please branch it.

*2. Please connect according to your device specifications.

Example: When using Omron Serial Communication Unit

CJ1W-SCU22		
Signal Name	Pin No.	
RxD (RD)	3	
TxD (SD)	2	
GND	9	

4-1-3 Communication Settings (Serial (RS-232C))

RS-232C Communication Settings on the Smart Camera

Set the RS-232C communications settings on the smart Camera according to the settings on the PLC or other external device.

1 Set the Baud Rate, Parity, Stop Bit, and Data Length according to the RS-232C communication settings of the external device to connect to.

Serial Port	RS232-1	
Baud Rate	115200	v
Data Bits	8	v
Parity	None	
Stop Bits Flow Control	1	v
	None	v

Setting Item	Setting Value	Description
Baud Rate	110, 300, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200 (Default: 115200)	Set the transmission speed for RS-232C communications. (Unit:bps) Set it to match the communications specifications of the ex- ternal device.
Data Bits	 5 6 7 8 (dafault) 	Length of the data bits. Select eight or seven. Set it to match the communications specifications of the ex- ternal device.
Parity	None(default)OddEven	An error detection routine that sets 1 data bit per character to 1 or 0 so that the total number of bits in the data field is even or odd. Set it to match the communications specifications of the ex- ternal device.
Stop Bit	 1 (default) 2	1 or 2 bits appended to the end of the data per each charac- ter to indicate End of the data. Set it to match the communications specifications of the ex- ternal device.
Flow Control	NoneXon/XoffHardware	Set the parameters for the flow control to use. Set it to match the communications specifications of the ex- ternal device.

4-1-4 Output Settings

Example: Output a string that you read using the Decode Tool.

- Register the read string in the Decode Tool.
- Open the "TCP/IP and Serial Out" settings in the Test Outputs Tool.
- Select the port to use for string output.
- Click the+ icon in the Build Output String area and then select the Tool Output Value option.

Click <Not Connected> in the Build Output String area.

Select the **Decode Text** option of the Decode Tool.

• Use any serial communication tool to configure the port, and other settings and then connect to the F440-F/F430-F.

- Input the measurement trigger to the F440-f/F430-F.
- The F440-F/F430-F outputs the read string (decoded text) to the serial communication tool.

4-1-5 Serial Command List (RS-232C)

See A-3 Serial Command on page A-4 for serial command.

4

A

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A-1 EtherNet/IP Information

A-1-1 EtherNet/IP Device Identity

Item	Setting Value
Device Type	Device type:100, Vendor Specific, Machine Vision
	Smart Camera
Vedor ID	Omron Microscan's ODVA Vendor ID is 1095.
Product Code	F430-F: 6903
	F440-F: 6905
Interface Revision	Major.Minor = 2.1
Connection Propety	Class 1 Implicit Messaging
Input Assembly Instance	(to PLC/client): 102
Output Assembly Instance	(to camera): 114
Size	Fixed, 320 bytes in both directions
Input Trigger/Trigger Mode	Cyclic
RPI(Requested Packet Interval)	Greater than 20 ms recommended. 10 ms to 3.2 s al-
	lowed.
Input Type/Connection Type	Point-to-Point (PLC OUT, O >T)
	 Point-to-Point (PLC IN, T >O)
Connection Priority	Scheduled

A-1-2 EDS File

Contact your Omron representative for the EDS file.

A-2 **PROFINET** Information

A-2-1 PROFINET I/O Identity

The table below shows the PROFINET device ID information for the F440-F/F430-F.

Vendor ID

Omron Microscan's Systems, Inc. Vendor ID is 0x0257.

- Device ID
 F430: 0x7000
 F440: 0x7005
- Vendor name Vender name is OMRON MICROSCAN SYSTEMS, INC.
- Device function
 Device function is as follows:
 - MainFamily = General
 - ProductFamily = SmartCamera

A-2-2 GSDML File

Contact your Omron representative for the GSDML file.

A-2-3 Connection Properties: RT Cyclic Messaging

Odd slot numbers are input to the PLC, even slot numbers are output from the PLC. Maximum data size in either direction is 518 bytes. The data size can be reduced by removing slots that are not used.

Cycle update time for F430-F: 16 ms

Cycle update time for F440-F: 16 ms



Additional Information

The GSD file contains element MinDeviceInterval, which is 512. Multiply this by 31.25 $\mu s.$ This is the cycle time. See the PROFINET GSDML specification for more information.

A-3 Serial Command

Serial commands can be sent via TCP port, AutoVISION terminal, or HyperTerminal.



Precautions for Correct Use

The MicroHAWK MV-4000 does not support focus commands.

Serial Command Syntax

- Command parameters include required parameters that must be always specified and option parameters that may be specified as needed.
- Insert a space between the command and the parameters.
- · Insert a space between each parameter.
- Add a delimiter <CR> to the end of the command or parameter.
- No space is required between the parameter and the delimiter.
- Option parameters may be omitted.
- <CR> indicates a Carriage Return.
- <LF> indicates a Line Feed.
- <ETX> indicates the End of Text.

AUTOCAL

Initiates camera calibration of gain, exposure, and focus. Each parameter is independent. Ranges are device-dependent.



Precautions for Correct Use

AUTOCAL only functions when the camera is OFFLINE.

Command Format

AUTOCAL -exp=SettingValue -expval=SettingValue -gain=SettingValue -gainval=SettingValue -focus=SettingValue -focval=SettingValue<CR>

- · Insert a space between the command and the parameters.
- · Insert a space between each parameter.
- Add a delimiter <CR> to the end of the command or parameter.
- · No space is required between the parameter and the delimiter.
- Refer to the table below for the setting values.

Required Parameter

None

Option parameter

Parameter	Setting value	Description
-exp	• 1	Automatic calibration of exposure time
	• 0	• 1: Enables automatic calibration of exposure time.
		0: Disables automatic calibration of exposure time.
		When -exp=0, set the exposure time with -expval.
-expval	60-100000 (µs)	Exposure time
		Sets the exposure time.
-gain	• 1	Automatic calibration of gain
	• 0	• 1: Enables automatic calibration of gain.
		0: Disables automatic calibration of gain.
		When -gain=0, set the gain with -gainval.
-gainval	0-100 (%)	Gain
		Sets the gain.
-focus	• 1	Automatic calibration of focus
	• 0	• 1: Enables automatic calibration of focus.
		0: Disables automatic calibration of focus.
		When -focus=0, set the focus with -focval.
-focval	0-9999 (mm)	Focus
		Sets the focus.

Response Format

If processed normally:

Gain;Exposure time;Focus;Lower limit of focus;Upper limit of focus<CR><LF><ETX>

• The lower and upper limits of focus vary depending on the model.

If not processed normally:

!ERROR<CR><LF><ETX>

Command Example

Example 1:

Initiate camera calibration of gain, exposure time, and focus. Command: AUTOCAL Response: 0;4632;134;50;300 The calibration results are: Gain = 0, Exposure time = 4632 µs, Focus = 134, Lower limit of focus = 50, and Upper limit of focus = 300.

Example 2:

Go offline, get the photometry settings (gain, exposure time, focus) from QUERYAUTOCAL, change the gain to 18%, and execute the calibration. Command: OFFLINE Response: !OK Command: QUERYAUTOCAL Response: 0;4632;134;50;300 The gain is 0. Command: AUTOCAL -gain=0 -gainval=18 Execute the calibration with the gain fixed to 18%. Response: 18;3308;128;50;300 The exposure time has been changed from 4632 to 3308 µs without change to the gain.

Appendices

Example 3: Go offline, get the photometry settings (gain, exposure time, focus) from QUERYAUTOCAL, change the exposure time to 1000 µs, and execute the calibration. Command: OFFLINE Response: !OK Command: QUERYAUTOCAL Response: 0;3478;226;50;300 The exposure time is 3478 µs. Command: AUTOCAL -exp=0 -expval=1000 The exposure time is fixed to 1000 µs. Response: 31;1000;98;50;300 The gain has been changed from 0% to 31% with the exposure time remaining at 1000 µs.

GET

Gets the value of a tag (bool1-200, int1-200, etc.) used in the device.



Precautions for Correct Use

This command only functions when the camera is ONLINE.

Command Format

GET tagname<CR> or GET service<CR> or GET service.tagname<CR>

- · Insert a space between the command and the parameters.
- Add a delimiter <CR> to the end of the command or parameter.
- No space is required between the parameter and the delimiter.
- Specify tagname, service, or service.tagname.

Use the INFO command to get a full list of tags and services, as well as attributes of the tag and list of subtags.

tagname specifies the tag from which you want to get information. It must correspond to one of the tags supported by the device.

To get a single value from an array (such as int), add an index to the array name such as GET int1 (where 1 is the index). If the index is omitted, the full array of values will be returned in a comma-separated list of values.

service specifies the service for which you want to get information.

The AVP service allows retrieval of step and datum information from the job tree using forward slash '/' in the symbolic name path. GET avp/insp1/snapshot1/status paths are not case-sensitive and do not need to be fully qualified if unique. GET avp/snapshot1/status will return the same result if there is only one inspection.

When issued against a step, GET avp/snapshot1 will return the values for all datums. Success Return: On success will return the value stored in the tag.

service.tagname gets the value of the tag in a service. For example, for the EIP input assembly, specify the command as GET eip.input.

Required Parameter

None

Option Parameter None

Response Format

If processed normally:

data<CR><LF><ETX>

• Returns the value of the tag used in the device, etc. Refer to Command Example.

If not processed normally: !ERROR<ETX>

Command Example

Example 1:

Set 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, and 10 in the int1 to int10 tags and get the data of all the int tags. Command: SET int1 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10 Response: !OK SET int1 Command: GET int

Example 2:

Set 1 in the int1 tag and get the value of the int1 tag. Command: SET int1 1 Response: !OK SET int1 Command: GET int1 Response: 1

Example 3:

Α

0x0120 1a 00 00 00 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 6a 6b 6c 0x0130 6d 6e 6f 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 7a 00 00

GETIMAGE

Serial transfer the inspection image in binary data format.



Precautions for Correct Use

- YModem transfer option is not supported on the HAWK MV-4000.
- · This command only functions when the camera is ONLINE.
- To receive the image data, you need to create a user program.
- · To save the received image data to a file, you need to create a user program.



Additional Information

· This command always returns the last (most recent) image.

Command Format

GETIMAGE -transfer=SettingValue -format=SettingValue -quality=SettingValue -woi=SettingValue - inspection=SettingValue<CR>

- Insert a space between the command and the parameters.
- · Insert a space between each parameter.
- Add a delimiter <CR> to the end of the command or parameter.
- · No space is required between the parameter and the delimiter.
- · Refer to the table below for the setting values.
- If the -transfer option isomitted completely, the transfer mode is over the TCP and Ethernet port.

Required Parameter

None

Option Parameter

Parameter	Setting value	Description
-transfer	• ymodem	Uses Ymodem protocol over the serial port. If the -transfer option isomitted completely, the transfer mode is over the TCP and Ethernet port.
-format	 jpg png tif raw	Specifies the format of the image. RAW and TIF are not supported for UART connection. If omitted, the image format is JPG. *1
-quality	0-100	specifies a JPG compression quality of n less than or equal to 100. The default quality is 80 if not specified. This setting is only supported for the JPG file type. ^{*2}
-woi	Upper left coordi- nate x, upper left coordinate y, lower right coor- dinate x, lower right coordinate y	Specifies a rectangular area of the image to be included in the output image. Specify the upper-left and lower-right coordinates. Specify the values in the order of left, top, right, and bottom. If omitted, the full image buffer is returned. ^{*3}
-inspection	1-n	Specifies the inspection from which to retrieve an image. The image will be the latest image within that inspection. If not specified, it will look for the inspection that has the image and will be the latest image of the first inspection that has the image.

*1. All image file types return complete file information that can be saved directly to disk except the RAW file type, which requires explicit conversion.

*2. PNG, RAW, TIF formats provide lossless image compression. If format is set to PNG, RAW, TIF, the quality setting does not apply.

*3. -woi option is valid only when the image format is TIFF or JPG.

	Color Full-image	Color woi	Monochrome Full-image	Monochrome woi
PNG	ОК	NA	ОК	NA
RAW	ОК	NA	ОК	NA
TIF	ОК	ОК	ОК	ОК
JPG	OK	OK	OK	OK

The full image size depends on the camera type.

For details, refer to F440-F Data Sheet (Q352), MicroHAWK F430-F Data Sheet (Q278) and MicroHAWK F420-F Data Sheet (Q279). Check the camera type and see its resolution.

Response Format

If processed normally:

For UART Connection: !OK<CR><LF><ETX> For TCP Connection: None

If not processed normally:

For UART Connection: !ERROR<CR><LF><ETX> For TCP Connection: None A-3 Serial Command

Α

• Command Example

Example 1:

Get an image from the camera with the following settings. Protocol: ymodem, Format: png, Inspection: Inspection 1 Command: GETIMAGE -transfer=ymodem -format=png -inspection=1 Response: !OK The image data is output in binary on the same port used to send the GETIMAGE command.

Example 2:

Get an image from the camera with the following settings. Protocol: ymodem, Format: jpg (default), Quality: 50, Inspection: Inspection 1 (default) GETIMAGE –transfer=ymodem –quality=50 -inspection=1 Response: !OK The image data is output in binary on the same port used to send the GETIMAGE command.

Example 3:

Get an image from the camera with the following settings.

Protocol: ymodem, Format: jpg (default), Quality: 50, Inspction: Inspection 1 (default), Image area to be acquired: Area specified by the upper left coordinates (320, 240) and the lower right coordinates (960, 720).

Command: GETIMAGE –transfer=ymodem –quality=50 -inspection=1 –woi=320,240,960,720 Response: !OK

The image data is output in binary on the same port used to send the GETIMAGE command.

Example 4:

Get image from camera with TCP connection, format: tif When the GETIMAGE command is sent from a TCP connection, it does not send !OK response and starts sending image data immediately. Protocol: TCP connection, Format: tif, Inspection: Inspection 1 (default)

Command: GETIMAGE –format = tif -inspection=1

Response:

The image data is output in binary on the same port used to send the GETIMAGE command.

HELP

Gets the command format and function description of serial commands.

Command Format

HELP<CR>

• Add a delimiter <CR> to the end of the command or parameter.

Required Parameter

None

Option Parameter None

Response Format

If processed normally:

Command format of serial commands<CR><LF><CR><LF>Function description of serial commands<CR><LF>...Command format of serial commands<CR><LF><CR><LF>Function description of serial commands<CR><LF><ETX>

If not processed normally:

!ERROR<CR><LF><ETX>

• Command Example

Example 1: Gets the command format and function description of serial commands. Command: HELP Response: : SET <tagname> <value> Sets value of a global tag GET {tagname|service.tagname|service}

Gets value of a global tag

INFO

1

Gets information about a tag or service.

Command Format

INFO<CR> or INFO service<CR> or INFO service.tagname<CR>

- Insert a space between the command and the parameters.
- Add a delimiter <CR> to the end of the command or parameter.
- No space is required between the parameter and the delimiter.
- Specify only the command. Or, specify service or service.tagname with the command. When only the command is specified, it gets a list of services. service gets a list of tags in the specified service.

The AVP service allows retrieval of step and datum information from the job tree using forward slash '/' in the symbolic name path. INFO avp/insp1/snapshot1/status paths are not case-sensitive and do not need to be fully qualified if unique.

INFO avp/snapshot1/status will return the same result if there is only one inspection.

service.tagname gets the attributes of the tag in the service as well as a list of subtags. For example, for the EIP input assembly, specify the command as INFO eip.input.

Required Parameter None

Option Parameter None

• Response Format

If processed normally: data<CR><LF><ETX>

• Returns information about a tag or service. Refer to Command Example.

If not processed normally: None

• Command Example

Example 1: Get a list of services. Command: INFO Response: avp data eip file gateway io record system tcp tcpcmd uart Example 2: Get a list of tags in the eip service. Command: INFO eip Response: control status echo cmdcode cmdarg cmdcoderslt cmdret cmdstr cmdstrrslt execmd trigcmd

trigtag rstcounttag input output bool int long float string Example 3: Get information about the input tag in the eip service. Command: INFO eip.input Response: type = buffer assembly = 102 dir = out endian = little label = Input Assembly size = 320 online expbusy acqbusy triggerready error resetcountack resetstatsack execmdack triggerack inspbusy inspstat datavalid echo cmdcoderslt cmdret state vio bool int long float stringlong stringshort

JOBBOOT

Sets the job slot that boots up when the device's power is turned ON.

Α

Command Format

JOBBOOT -slot=SettingValue<CR>

- Insert a space between the command and the parameters.
- Add a delimiter <CR> to the end of the command or parameter.
- · No space is required between the parameter and the delimiter.
- Refer to the table below for the setting values.

Required Parameter

Parameter	Setting value	Description
-slot	1 to (Maximum job slot number to store the job)	Sets the job slot number. ^{*1}

*1. Set the job slot number although -slot= is optional. Refer to Command Example.

Option Parameter

None

Response Format

If processed normally:

!OK<CR><LF><ETX>

If not processed normally:

!ERROR<CR><LF><ETX>

Command Example

```
Example 1:
Set the job slot that boots up when the device's power is turned ON to slot number 2.
Command: JOBBOOT -slot=2
or
Command: JOBBOOT 2
Response: !OK
```

JOBDELETE

Deletes the job in slot n, or deletes jobs in all slots.



Precautions for Correct Use

Does not delete the current job loaded in camera memory.

Command Format

```
JOBDELETE -slot=SettingValue<CR>
or
JOBDELETE -all<CR>
```

- · Specify -slot or -all.
- Insert a space between the command and the parameters.
- Add a delimiter <CR> to the end of the command or parameter.
- No space is required between the parameter and the delimiter.
- Refer to the table below for the setting values.

Required Parameter

None

Option Parameter

Parameter	Setting value	Description
-slot	1 to (Maximum job slot number to store the job)	Deletes the job specified by the setting value. ^{*1}
-all	None	Deletes all jobs.

*1. Set the job slot number although -slot= is optional. Refer to Command Example.

Response Format

If processed normally: !OK<CR><LF><ETX>

If not processed normally:

!ERROR<CR><LF><ETX>

Command Example

```
Example 1:
Delete the job in slot 1.
Command: JOBDELETE 1
or
Command: JOBDELETE -slot=1
Response: !OK
```

Example 2: Delete all jobs in all slots. Command: JOBDELETE -all Response: !OK

JOBDOWNLOAD

Downloads a .avz job file via the specified transfer method.

Ymodem supported only over RS-232; FTP supported only over network connectionymodem.



Precautions for Correct Use

JOBDOWNLOAD only supports FTP on the HAWK MV-4000.

Command Format

JOBDOWNLOAD -transfer=SettingValue -size=SettingValue -c<CR>

- Insert a space between the command and the parameters.
- Insert a space between each parameter.
- Add a delimiter <CR> to the end of the command or parameter.
- No space is required between the parameter and the delimiter.
- Refer to the table below for the setting values.

Required Parameter

Parameter	Setting value	Description
-transfer	ftpymodem	Specifies the transfer method. Ymodem supported only over RS-232; FTP supported only over network connectionymodem.

Option Parameter

Parameter	Setting value	Description
-size	-	When a job is downloaded to the camera via FTP, this com- mand creates a RAM disk to hold the .avz file until the JOB- LOAD –mem –r command is executed. This RAM disk must be larger than the .avz that is to be transferred. If manually setting the size use this equation to determine the maximum size that can be used: (available contiguous RAM – 15 MB) / 2 The available contiguous RAM, is the second value reported by the serial command MEMINFO. The default RAM disk size is 10 MB.
-C	None	Cancels a previous JOBDOWNLOAD request that is either complete or in progress. If the previous JOBDOWNLOAD is a transfer executed via FTP, delete /streamd0 on the RAM disk.

Response Format

- · When -transfer=ftp
 - If processed normally:
 - Without the -c option, the response will be as follows.
 - FTP job load initialized. Please ftp avz file to /streamd0 and issue jobload -mem<CR><LF>! OK<CR><LF><ETX>
 - If the command is canceled with the -c option, the response will be as follows.
 FTP load cancelled.<CR><LF>!OK<CR><LF><ETX>

If not processed normally:

- If the command fails to create a drive via FTP
 Failed to create ram drive for FTP load. Requested size: [size] MemContig: [mem]<CR><LF>!
 ERROR<CR><LF><ETX>
- If data is already loaded via FTP
 FTP load already in progress.<CR><LF>!ERROR<CR><LF><ETX>
- If the AVZ file size is too large to load the data

Specified avz size too large. Not enough ram to load a [integer] byte AVZ job<CR><LF>!ER-ROR<CR><LF><ETX>

When -transfer=ymodem
 If processed normally:
 !OK<CR><LF><ETX>

If not processed normally: !ERROR<CR><LF><ETX>

Command Example

Example 1:

Load a .avz job file via the FTP transfer method and start the job.

- Create a fixed size RAM disk /streamd0 in advance.
 - Command: JOBDOWNLOAD -transfer=ftp

Response:

FTP job load initialized. Please ftp avz file to /streamd0 and issue jobload -mem !OK

- The user transfers the .avz job file to /streamd0 via FTP.
- Load the .avz job file from /streamd0 into RAM, delete the RAM disk /streamd0, and start the inspection.

Command: JOBLOAD -mem -r Response: !OK

Example 2:

Load a .avz job file via the RS-232 ymodem transfer method.

- Specify the RS-232 ymodem transfer method.
 Command: JOBDOWNLOAD -transfer=ymodem
 Response: !OK
- The user transfers the .avz job file via RS-232. When the transfer is complete, the job will be loaded automatically.

JOBINFO

Gets job summary or info about slot n.

Command Format

JOBINFO -slot=SettingValue -v<CR>

- Insert a space between the command and the parameters.
- Insert a space between each parameter.
- Add a delimiter <CR> to the end of the command or parameter.
- · No space is required between the parameter and the delimiter.
- JOBINFO (without parameters) gets a list of all jobs on the device.
- Refer to the table below for the setting values.

Required Parameter

None

Option Parameter

Parameter	Setting value	Description
-slot	1 to (Maximum job slot number to store the job)	Sets the job slot number for which you want to get informa- tion. ^{*1}
-V	None	Returns the disk space (in bytes) used by the job. It also returns a list of total disk space and free disk space (in bytes).

*1. Set the job slot number although -slot= is optional. Refer to Command Example.

Response Format

If processed normally:

• Without the -v option

slot1=Job name<CR><LF>slot1=Job name<CR><LF>...Job name<CR><LF><ETX>

· With the -v option

slot1=Job name, Disk space<CR><LF>...slot2=Job name, Disk space<CR><LF>...freeflash=Total disk space<CR><LF>totalflash=Free disk space<CR><LF><ETX>

If not processed normally:

!ERROR<CR><LF><ETX>

• Command Example

Example 1: Get a list of all jobs on the device. Command: JOBINFO Response: slot1=Test1.avp slot2=Test2.avp

Example 2: Get a list of all jobs on the device and the disk space used by the jobs. Command: JOBINFO -v Response: slot1=Test1.avp,192729 slot2=Test2.avp,192729 freeflash=1760952320 totalflash=1920991232

Example 3: Get information about job slot number 1. Command: JOBINFO -slot=1 or Command: JOBINFO 1 Response: slot1=Test1.avp

JOBLOAD

Loads a job from slot n or from memory when used with the JOBDOWNLOAD command via FTP.

Command Format

JOBLOAD -slot=SettingValue -r<CR> or JOBLOAD -mem -r<CR>

- Specify -slot or -mem.
- Insert a space between the command and the parameters.
- Insert a space between each parameter.
- Add a delimiter <CR> to the end of the command or parameter.
- No space is required between the parameter and the delimiter.
- Refer to the table below for the setting values.

Required Parameter

None

Option Parameter

Parameter	Setting value	Description
-slot	1 to (Maximum job slot number to store the job)	Sets the job slot number. ^{*1}
-mem	None	Loads a job from memory.
-r	None	Start inspections.

*1. Set the job slot number although -slot= is optional. Refer to Command Example.

Response Format

If processed normally:

!OK<CR><LF><ETX>

If not processed normally:

!ERROR<CR><LF><ETX>

Command Example

```
Example 1:
Load the job from slot 1.
Command: JOBLOAD 1
or
Command: JOBLOAD -slot=1
Response: !OK
```

Example 2:

Load a .avz job file via the FTP transfer method and start the job.

• Create a fixed size RAM disk /streamd0 in advance.

Command: JOBDOWNLOAD -transfer=ftp Response: FTP job load initialized. Please ftp avz file to /streamd0 and issue jobload -mem !OK

- The user transfers the .avz job file to /streamd0 via FTP.
- Load the .avz job file from /streamd0 into RAM, delete the RAM disk /streamd0, and start the inspection.

Command: JOBLOAD -mem -r Response: !OK

JOBSAVE

Saves the current job to slot n.

Command Format

JOBSAVE -slot=SettingValue<CR>

- Insert a space between the command and the parameters.
- Add a delimiter <CR> to the end of the command or parameter.
- No space is required between the parameter and the delimiter.
- Refer to the table below for the setting values.

Required Parameter

Parameter	Setting value	Description
-slot	1 to (Maximum job slot number to store the job)	Sets the job slot number. ^{*1}

*1. Set the job slot number although -slot= is optional. Refer to Command Example.

Option Parameter

None

Response Format

If processed normally:

!OK<CR><LF><ETX>

If not processed normally:

!ERROR<CR><LF><ETX>

• Command Example

Example 1: Save the current job to slot 1. Command: JOBSAVE -slot=1 or Command: JOBSAVE 1 Response: !OK

JOBSAVEAS

Saves the current job in the specified slot with the specified name.

Command Format

JOBSAVEAS -slot=SettingValue -name=SettingValue<CR>

- Insert a space between the command and the parameters.
- Add a delimiter <CR> to the end of the command or parameter.
- No space is required between the parameter and the delimiter.
- Refer to the table below for the setting values.

Required Parameter

Parameter	Setting value	Description
-slot	1 to (Maximum job slot number to store the job)	Sets the job slot number. ^{*1}
-name	Filename	Sets the filename.

*1. Set the job slot number although -slot= is optional. Refer to Command Example.

Option Parameter

None

Response Format

If processed normally: !OK<CR><LF><ETX>

If not processed normally:

!ERROR<CR><LF><ETX>

Command Example

Example 1:

Save the current job in slot 1 with the file name JOB1. Command: JOBSAVEAS -slot=1 -name=JOB1 Response: !OK

MEMAVAIL

Returns available memory (bytes) for device.

Command Format

MEMAVAIL -cp<CR>

- Insert a space between the command and the parameters.
- Insert a space between each parameter.
- Add a delimiter <CR> to the end of the command or parameter.

• No space is required between the parameter and the delimiter.

Required Parameter

None

Option Parameter

Parameter	Setting value	Description
-ср	None	This option parameter is not supported by the F420-F/F430-F/
		F440-F.

Response Format

If processed normally: Available memory for the device (in bytes)<CR><LF><ETX>

If not processed normally:

None

• Command Example

Example 1: Get the available memory for the device. Command: MEMAVAIL Response: 147370208

MEMCONTIG

Returns maximum memory block for device.

Command Format

MEMCONTIG -cp<CR>

- Insert a space between the command and the parameters.
- Add a delimiter <CR> to the end of the command or parameter.
- No space is required between the parameter and the delimiter.

Required Parameter

None

Option Parameter

Parameter	Setting value	Description
-cp	None	This option parameter is not supported by the F420-F/F430-F/
		F440-F.

Response Format

If processed normally:

Maximum contiguous memory block size (in bytes) available for the device<CR><LF><ETX>

If not processed normally:

None

Command Example

Example 1:

Get the maximum contiguous memory block size (in bytes) available for the device. Command: MEMCONTIG Response: 143581132

MEMFRAGS

Returns memory fragments for device.



Precautions for Correct Use

MEMFRAGS is not supported by the HAWK MV-4000. It will return !ERROR.

Command Format

MEMFRAGS -cp<CR>

- Insert a space between the command and the parameters.
- Add a delimiter <CR> to the end of the command or parameter.
- No space is required between the parameter and the delimiter.

Required Parameter

None

Option Parameter

Parameter	Setting value	Description
-ср	None	This option parameter is not supported by the F420-F/F430-F/
		F440-F.

Response Format

If processed normally:

Number of memory fragments for the device<CR><LF><ETX>

If not processed normally:

!ERROR<CR><LF><ETX>

Command Example

Example 1:

Get the number of memory fragments for the device. Command:MEMFRAGS Response: 63

MEMINFO

Returns memory summary "avail/contig/frags" for device.

- avail: available memory (bytes) for device
- · contig: maximum memory block for device
- · frags: memory fragments for device
- · used: used memory (bytes) for device

Command Format

MEMINFO -cp -v<CR>

- Insert a space between the command and the parameters.
- Insert a space between each parameter.
- Add a delimiter <CR> to the end of the command or parameter.
- No space is required between the parameter and the delimiter.

Required Parameter

None

Option Parameter

Parameter	Setting value	Description
-ср	None	This option parameter is not supported by the F420-F/F430-F/ F440-F.
-V	None	Displays the name of the memory summary together.

Response Format

If processed normally:

· Without the -v option

Available memory for the device;Maximum contiguous memory block size available for the device;Number of memory fragments for the device;Memory currently used for the device<CR><LF><ETX>

· With the -v option

avail=Available memory for the device<CR><LF>contig=Maximum contiguous memory block size available for the device<CR><LF>frags=Number of memory fragments for the device<CR><LF>used=Memory currently used for the device<CR><LF><ETX>

If not processed normally:

None

Command Example

Example 1: Command: MEMINFO Response: 166933980;164594212;46;101501476

Example 2:

Command:MEMINFO -v Response: avail=166933696 contig=164594212 frags=43 used=101501760

OFFLINE

Sets the device offline.

Command Format

OFFLINE<CR>

• Add a delimiter <CR> to the end of the command or parameter.

Required Parameter None

Option Parameter None

Response Format

If processed normally: !OK<ETX>

If not processed normally: !ERROR<ETX>

Command Example

Example 1: Set the device offline. Command: OFFLINE Response: !OK

ONLINE

Sets the device online.

Command Format

ONLINE<CR>

• Add a delimiter <CR> to the end of the command or parameter.

Required Parameter None Option Parameter None

Response Format

If processed normally: !OK<ETX>

If not processed normally: !ERROR<ETX>

• Command Example

Example 1: Set the device online. Command: ONLINE Response: !OK

ONLINE?

Queries if each inspection on the camera is online.

Command Format

ONLINE? -insp=SettingValue<CR>

- Insert a space between the command and the parameters.
- Add a delimiter <CR> to the end of the command or parameter.
- No space is required between the parameter and the delimiter.

Required Parameter

None

Option Parameter

Parameter	Setting value	Description
-insp	1-n	Specifies inspection n for which you want to query if it is online.
		If no inspection is specified, all inspections will be queried.

Response Format

If processed normally:

Status of inspection<CR><LF><ETX>

• For the status of inspection, the command will return !1 if all inspections are online and !0 otherwise.

If the camera is running a multi-inspection job, this command will return !1 if all inspections are online and !0 otherwise.

If not processed normally:

None

Command Example

Example 1: Get the status of inspection. Command: ONLINE? Response: !1 Inspections are online.

Example 2: Get the status of inspection. Command: ONLINE? Response: !0 Inspections are not offline.

Example 3: Get the status of inspection 1. Command: ONLINE? -insp=1 Response: !1 Inspections are online.

QUERYAUTOCAL

Gets the gain, exposure time, and focus values.

Command Format

QUERYAUTOCAL<CR>

• Add a delimiter <CR> to the end of the command or parameter.

Required Parameter

None

Option Parameter

None

Response Format

If processed normally:

Gain;Exposure time;Focus;Lower limit of focus;Upper limit of focus<CR><LF><ETX>

• The lower and upper limits of focus vary depending on the model.

If not processed normally:

!ERROR<CR><LF><ETX>

Command Example

Example 1: Gets the gain, exposure time, and focus values. Command: QUERYAUTOCAL Response: 18;7795;193;50;300The values are: Gain = 18, Exposure time = 7795 µs, Focus = 193, Lower limit of focus = 50, and Upper limit of focus = 300.

QUERYFOCUSUNITS

Queries the units being used for autofocus.

Command Format

QUERYFOCUSUNITS<CR>

• Add a delimiter <CR> to the end of the command or parameter.

Required Parameter None

Option Parameter None

Response Format

If processed normally: Unit<CR><LF><ETX>

• The command will return mm (0) or inches (1) as the unit.

If not processed normally:

!ERROR<CR><LF><ETX>

Command Example

Example 1: When the unit being used for autofocus is mm Command: QUERYFOCUSUNITS Response: 0

QUERYWHITEBAL

Get the white balance settings of a color camera.

Command Format

QUERYWHITEBAL<CR>

• Add a delimiter <CR> to the end of the command or parameter.

Required Parameter

None

Option Parameter

None

Response Format

If processed normally:

Color supported/unsupported;RED gain;BLUE gain;GREEN gain<CR><LF><ETX>

· For Color supported/unsupported, the command will return 1 if it is a color camera or returns 0 if it not a color camera.

If not processed normally:

!ERROR<CR><LF><ETX>

Command Example

Example 1: Get the white balance settings of a color camera. Command: QUERYWHITEBAL Response: 1;14;14;0 The white balance settings are: Color camera, RED gain 14, BLUE gain 14, and GREEN gain 0.

Example 2: Get the white balance settings of a monochrome camera. Command: QUERYWHITEBAL Response: 0;0;0;0 The white balance settings are: Monochrome camera, RED gain 0, BLUE gain 0, and GREEN gain 0.

QUICKFOCUS

Initiates camera calibration of focus in the area around the point specified by x and y.



Precautions for Correct Use

This command only functions when the camera is OFFLINE.

Command Format

QUICKFOCUS x y<CR>

- Insert a space between the command and the parameters.
- · Insert a space between each parameter.
- Add a delimiter <CR> to the end of the command or parameter.
- · No space is required between the parameter and the delimiter.
- Specify the coordinates (x, y) on which to autofocus.

Required Parameter

None

Α

Option Parameter

None

Response Format

If processed normally:

Focus;Lower limit of focus;Upper limit of focus<CR><LF><ETX>

If not processed normally:

!ERROR<CR><LF><ETX>

• Command Example

Example 1: Initiate camera calibration of focus at the point (640,480) in the image. Command: QUICKFOCUS 640 480 Response: 124;50;300 The focus is currently set to 124 mm and the allowable focus range of the camera is currently 50 to 300 mm.

READY?

Queries if an inspection is waiting for a trigger.

• Command Format

READY? -insp=SettingValue<CR>

- Insert a space between the command and the parameters.
- Add a delimiter <CR> to the end of the command or parameter.
- No space is required between the parameter and the delimiter.
- · Refer to the table below for the setting values.

Required Parameter

None

Option Parameter

Parameter	Setting value	Description
-insp	1-n	Specifies inspection n for which you want to query if it is ready.

Response Format

If processed normally:

Inspection trigger waiting status<CR><LF><ETX>

• The command will return 1 if the specified inspection is waiting for a trigger or !0 if not waiting for a trigger.

If not processed normally:

!ERROR<CR><LF><ETX>

Command Example

Example 1: Command: READY? -insp=1 Queries if inspection 1 is waiting for a trigger. Response: !1 Inspection 1 is waiting for trigger.

REBOOT

Reboots the device.

Command Format

REBOOT -noload<CR>

- Insert a space between the command and the parameters.
- Add a delimiter <CR> to the end of the command or parameter.
- No space is required between the parameter and the delimiter.
- Refer to the table below for the setting values.

Required Parameter

None

Option Parameter

Parameter	Setting value	Description
-noload	None	Specifies that you do not want to load the bootup job.

Response Format

If processed normally:

None

If not processed normally:

!ERROR<CR><LF><ETX>

Command Example

Example 1: Command: REBOOT -noload Reboot the device. The bootup job is not loaded. Response: There is no response if the command is processed normally.

RESTOREWBAL

Resets the white balance settings (Color supported/unsupported, RED gain, BLUE gain, and GREEN gain) to the factory defaults.

Command Format

RESTOREWBAL<CR>

• Add a delimiter <CR> to the end of the command or parameter.

Required Parameter None

Option Parameter None

Response Format

If processed normally:

Color supported/unsupported;RED gain;BLUE gain;GREEN gain<CR><LF><ETX>

• For Color supported/unsupported, the command will return 1 if it is a color camera or returns 0 if it not a color camera.

If not processed normally:

!ERROR<CR><LF><ETX>

• Command Example

Example 1:

Resets the white balance settings (Color supported/unsupported, RED gain, BLUE gain, and GREEN gain) to the factory defaults. Command: RESTOREWBAL Response: 1;15;15;0

SET

Sets the value of a tag (bool1-200, int1-200, etc.) used for the device.

Command Format

SET tagname value<CR>

- Insert a space between the command and the parameters.
- Insert a space between each parameter.
- Add a delimiter <CR> to the end of the command or parameter.
- No space is required between the parameter and the delimiter.
- tagname must correspond to one of the tags supported by the device.
 Use the INFO command to get a full list of tags and services, as well as attributes of the tag and list of subtags.

The AVP service allows you to set datum information from the job tree using forward slashes '/' in the symbolic name path. SET avp/insp1/snapshot1/acq1/gain 2.0 paths are not case-sensitive. When the tagname is identifiable, there is no need to specify the full path. If there is only one inspection, SET avp/acq1/gain 2.0 will set the same gain value.

Control tags in the AVP service such as START, STOP, and TRIGGER act as switches. For example, SET avp.start 1 is equivalent to the ONLINE command. avp.start will be reset immediately and always read as 0.

 value can contain spaces. value can be a comma-separated list of items to set a sequence of tags.

Required Parameter

None

Option Parameter

None

• Response Format

If processed normally:

!OK set tagname <CR><LF><ETX>

• The command will return !OK followed by an its echo.

If not processed normally:

!ERROR Tag tagname not found<CR><LF><ETX>

• The command will return !ERROR Tag followed by a failure reason.

Command Example

Example 1: Set int1 = 1, int2 = 2, and int3 = 3. Command: SET int1 1, 2, 3 Response: !OK set int1 The command will return !OK followed by an its echo.

Example 2:

Set a string in the string4 tag and get Input assembly information. Command: SET string4 abcdefghijklmnopgrstuvwxyz Response: !OK SET string4 Command:GET eip.input Response:

SETFOCUSUNITS

Sets units used for autofocus, mm (0) or inches (1).



Precautions for Correct Use

The MicroHAWK MV-40/F440-F/F430-F/F420-F only supports mm so SETFOCUSUNITS will only accept 0 and anything else will respond with !ERROR.

Command Format

SETFOCUSUNITS 0<CR> or SETFOCUSUNITS 1<CR>

- Sets the unit used for autofocus. It can be set to mm (0) or inches (1).
- · Insert a space between the command and the parameters.
- Add a delimiter <CR> to the end of the command or parameter.
- No space is required between the parameter and the delimiter.
- Refer to the table below for the setting values.

Required Parameter

None

Option Parameter None

Response Format

If processed normally: Unit<CR><LF><ETX>

• The command will return mm (0) or inches (1).

If not processed normally:

!ERROR<CR><LF><ETX>

Command Example

Example 1: Set the unit used for autofocus to mm. Command: SETFOCUSUNITS 0 Response: 0 The unit used for autofocus is set to mm (0).

TARGET

Turns ON or OFF the blue LED for the aiming light source. Use this command during installation.



Precautions for Correct Use

This command functions only when the camera is offline.

• Command Format

```
TARGET 0<CR>
or
TARGET 1<CR>
or
TARGET off<CR>
or
TARGET on<CR>
```

- Insert a space between the command and the parameters.
- Add a delimiter <CR> to the end of the command or parameter.
- · No space is required between the parameter and the delimiter.
- Set 1 or on to turn ON the LED.
- Set 0 or off to turn OFF the LED.

Required Parameter

None

Option Parameter

None

Response Format

If processed normally: !OK<CR><LF><ETX>

If not processed normally:

!ERROR<CR><LF><ETX>

Command Example

Example 1: Turn ON the blue LED for the aiming light source. Command: TARGET 1 or Command: TARGET on Response: !OK The blue LED for the aiming light source is turned ON.

Example 2: Turn OFF the blue LED for the aiming light source. Command: TARGET 0 or Command: TARGET off Response: !OK The blue LED for the aiming light source is turned OFF.

TRIGGER

Inputs the measurement trigger.

Command Format

TRIGGER<CR>

• Add a delimiter <CR> to the end of the command or parameter.

Required Parameter None

Option Parameter None

Response Format

If processed normally: !OK<ETX>

If not processed normally: !ERROR Missing AVP Data Service<ETX>

• Command Example

Example 1: Inputs the measurement trigger. Command:TRIGGER Response: !OK

VERSION

Returns Visionscape software version.

The Visionscape version is the same as the firmware version of the device.

Command Format

VERSION<CR>

• Add a delimiter <CR> to the end of the command or parameter.

Required Parameter None

Option Parameter None

Response Format

If processed normally: Version<CR><LF><ETX>

If not processed normally: None

Command Example

Example 1: Get the version. Command: VERSION Response: 9.2.2.3018 The version is 9.2.2.3018.

vt

Executes an inspection by using the virtual trigger function.

Command Format

vt Setting value<CR> or vt<CR>

- Insert a space between the command and the parameters.
- Add a delimiter <CR> to the end of the command or parameter.
- No space is required between the parameter and the delimiter.
- Specify the setting value to use as a virtual trigger. The setting value must be in the range of 1 to 2048. Specify the same value as that of the virtual trigger setting. Refer to *2-1-4 Change the Type of Trigger* on page 2-6 for the virtual trigger setting. In Visionscape, the setting value must be within the range for virtual I/O points. The virtual I/O signal will turn ON and then OFF.

Required Parameter

None

Option Parameter None A-3 Serial Command

Α

Response Format

If processed normally: !OK<ETX>

If not processed normally: !ERROR<ETX>

• Command Example

Example 1: Execute an inspection by using virtual trigger 1. An inspection will be executed when it is set to use virtual trigger 1 as a trigger. Command: vt 1 Response: !OK

Example 2:

The command will return ERROR if the setting value of the virtual trigger is other than 1 to 2048. Command: vt 0 Response: !ERROR

WHITEBAL

Performs automatic calibration of white balance settings: Color supported/unsupported, RED gain, BLUE gain, and GREEN gain.

Precautions for Correct Use

This command only functions when the camera is OFFLINE.

Command Format

WHITEBAL<CR>

• Add a delimiter <CR> to the end of the command or parameter.

Required Parameter None

Option Parameter None

Response Format

If processed normally:

Color supported/unsupported;RED gain;BLUE gain;GREEN gain<CR><LF><ETX>

• For Color supported/unsupported, the command will return 1 if it is a color camera or returns 0 if it not a color camera.

If not processed normally:

!ERROR<CR><LF><ETX>

• Command Example

Example 1:

Execute a white balance calibration. Command: WHITEBAL Response: 1;14;14;0 The calibrated settings are: Color supported/unsupported (for color cameras), RED gain 14, BLUE gain 14, and GREEN gain 0.

Example 2: Execute a white balance calibration. Command: WHITEBAL Response: 0;0;0;0

The calibrated settings are Color supported/unsupported (for monochrome cameras), RED gain 0, BLUE gain 0, and GREEN gain 0. The automatic calibration of the white balance settings will not be executed for monochrome cameras.

Α

A-4 TCP/UDP and General Port Usage

A-4-1 Ports

The following table lists the ports used by MicroHAWK smart cameras for communication.

Port Number	Protocol	Name
49059	TCP	RPC
49049	ТСР	I/O
49050	TCP	PIC/LIVE
49200	ТСР	REPORT
49202	TCP	REPORTCONTROL
49201	ТСР	PARTQ
49079	TCP	KEEPALIVE
49211	TCP	Serial TCP#1
49212	ТСР	Serial TCP#2
49213	ТСР	Serial TCP#3
49214	TCP	Serial TCP#4
49497	UDP	UDP BROADCAST
49496	UDP	UDP COMMAND
21	ТСР	FTP
23	ТСР	TELNET
80	TCP	НТТР

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